Bedford Gazette.

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NEW SERIES. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, FERUARY 1, 1861. VOL. 4. NO. 25.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By Virtue of Sundry writs of Fi Fas, Vend. Exponas and Levari Facias to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 9th day of February, 1861, at 11 O'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

One tract of land containing 70 acres more or less, about 45 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house, log barn and tenant house thereon erected, also a small apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Henry Imler, William Lamburn, and others, situate in Union township, Bedford co., and taken in execution as the property of Peter Colabaugh.

—ALSO—

One lot of ground in the Town of Rainsburg, fronting 82½ feet on Main Street and extending back about 165 feet to lot of Andrew J. Robbins, with a two story frame dwelling house with back building attached, and small frame stable thereon erected, adjoining lot of A. J. Robbins on the North and lot of George Vaughan on the South, situate in Colerain Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of William O'Neal.

—ALSO—

One tract of land consisting of parcels, or tracts of land, contiguous and adjoining, containing 35 acres, more or less, about 10 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house thereon, erected, also a young peach orchard & apple trees thereon, adjoining lands of George B. Kay's heirs, George Clapper, Christian Baitzel, and others, situate in Hopewell Township, Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Preston Briles and Melford James.

—ALSO—

Two lots of ground in Stonerstown, each fronting 55 feet on Main Street, leading to Saxton and extending back about 150 feet, with a plank house with basement story thereon erected, adjoining lot of James Dunn and others, situate in Liberty Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Terrence Kinney.

—ALSO—

One tract of land containing 259 acres, more or less, about 25 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house and small stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of William Brollier, Joseph W. Tate, Esq., and others, situate in Hopewell township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of George Swartz.

ALSO—

All the undivided third part of seven tracts of land, warranted in the names of William Lane, William Forrester, George Hinish, Francis Johnston Alexander Johnston, David Montgomery, and James Hunter, containing about 2300 acres, more or less, situate on Yellow Creek, in Hopewell township, Bedford County, and known as the Lemnos Iron, Works property.

—ALSO—

One tract of land warranted in the name of Swope, King & Co., containing 237½ acres, more or less, situate in said township, and known as the Bedford Forge tract, and taken in execution as the property of Henry S. King.

—ALSO—

One part of a tract of unimproved land, containing 360 acres, more or less, in the name of Margaret Diehl, adjoining land in the name of Samuel Diehl, on the South, Top of Cove Mountain on the West, Solomon Diehl on the North, and Frederick Herring on the West, situate in Shover's Valley, Bedford township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of the heirs and legal representatives of Dr. William Watson, Dec'd.

—ALSO—

The undivided half of one tract of land containing 21 acres, more or less, unimproved, adjoining land of King & Osborne, and others.

—ALSO—

The undivided half of 19 acres of land, about 4 acres cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of Rathmell Wilson and others.

—ALSO—

The undivided half of 160 acres of land, more or less, about 30 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of John P. Anderson and others.

—ALSO—

One tract of land containing 5 acres, more or less, nearly all cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of Rathmell Wilson and others, all situate in Broad Top Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Lemuel Evans.

—ALSO—

One tract of land containing 75 acres, more or less, about 60 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house and log stable thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Henry Harcleroad and others, situate in Colerain Township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Evelina Harcleroad and William B. Hartzell.

—ALSO—

One lot of ground fronting about 200 feet on the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike Road, and extending back about 90 feet, with a story and a half log dwelling house, new frame wagon maker shop and new frame stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of John W. Scott on the East, West and South, situate in Bedford township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Andrew J. Kegg.

JOHN J. CESSNA, Sheriff.

Jan. 18, 1861.

BEDFORD COUNTY, SS.

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 19th day of November, A. D., 1860, before the Judges of said Court,

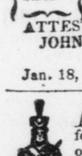
On motion of G. H. Spang, Esq., the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of Dr. William W. Reed, ate of South Woodberry township, dec'd., to wit: Aaron Reed, William Reed, and Nathaniel P. Reed, all residing in Bedford County, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Bedford, in and for said County, on the 2d Monday, 11th day of February, next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said Dr. Wm. W. Reed, at the valuation, which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a Writ of Partition or Valuation issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, and to the Sheriff of said County, directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

SEAL In testimony whereof, I have hereunto to set my hand and the seal of said Court at Bedford, the 26th day of Nov., 1860.

ATTEST:

JOHN J. CESSNA, Sheriff. SAM'L. H. TATE, Clerk.

Jan. 18, 1861.



ATTENTION! BEDFORD RIFLEMEN.—You are hereby ordered to meet for Parade, at the Court House, in Bedford, on Friday the 22d of February, 1861, at 10 o'clock, A.M., in full Winter Uniform, (with Plume.) It is desired by the Brigade Inspector that there be a full turn out. Very important business will be put before the Company on that occasion

By order of the Captain.

GEORGE STIFFLER, O. S.

Jan. 18, 1861.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

BY B. F. MEYERS,

At the following terms, to wit:

$1.50 per annum, CASH, in advance.
$2.00 " " if paid within the year.
$2.50 " " if not paid within the year.

☞No subscription taken for less than six months.

☞No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher. It has been decided by the United States Courts, that the stoppage of a newspaper without the payment of arrearages, is *prima facie* evidence of fraud and is a criminal offence.

☞The courts have decided that persons are accountable for the subscription price of newspapers, if they take them from the post office, whether they subscribe for them, or not.

Select Poetry.

THE UNION.

BY MRS. L. H. SIGOURNEY.

Ho! Eagle of our banded States
Wilt drop thine olive fair,
And bid the shafts of war and woe
Speed bursting through the air?
And the soaring eagle answered,
Waving his peace-branch high,
"No! Freedom's chieftain gave the trust—
I'll guard it till I die!"

Ye stars, that shine in sparkling blue
Upon your banner'd field,
Shall ye be stricken from your place,
And half in clouds concealed?
But silent were those glorious orbs,
With dread amazement fraught;
Each trembling in its crystal sphere
At the dark traitor-thought.

Oh, human hearts! to concord train'd,
By sires who stood of yore,
As brothers, when around their homes
The Lion ramp'd in gore;
Will ye the heritage they won
With ruthless hand divide?
Or rend the Gordian knot they drew
Around ye—when they died?

Then from the Pater Patriæ's tomb,
Beneath Mount Vernon's shade—
And from the hero's bed, who sleeps
In Nashville's beauteous glade—
And from green Quincey's honored breast,
Where sire and son repose—
"*Break not that band!*" a solemn voice
In deep accordance rose.

Hark, hark! o'er forests rob'd in snow,
In sunny, flower-crown'd vales,
From where the Atlantic's thunder-tone
The far Pacific hails;
From mart and dell, where millions dwell,
By prairie, lake and hill—
Rolls on, the full, sublime response—
"*We never, never will!*"

PETER CHANCERY, ESQ., AND HIS FIVE DOLLARS.

SHOWING THE BLESSINGS THAT MAY FOLLOW THE SETTLEMENT OF THE SMALLEST ACCOUNT.

'Sir, if you please, boss would like you to pay this little bill to-day,' said for the tenth time, a half grown boy in a dirty jacket, to a lawyer in his office.

The attorney at length turned round and stared the boy full in the face, as if he had been some newly discovered specimen, gave a long whistle, thrust his inky fingers into one pocket and then into the other of his black cloth vest, and then gave another long whistle, and completed his stare at the boy's face.

'Ho, ha, hum! that bill, eh?' said the legal young gentleman, extending the tips of his fingers towards the well-worn bit of paper, and daintily opening it, looked at the contents.

'Hum!—for capping and for heel-tapping, six shillings—for foxing, ten and sixpence, and other sundries, eh! So your master wants me to settle this bill, eh?' repeated the man of briefs.

'Yes, sir; this is the nineteenth time I have come for it, and I intend to knock off at twenty, and call it a half a day.'

'You're an impudent boy.'

'I's always impudent to lawyers, coz I can't help it,—its catchin.'

'You've got your eye teeth cut, I see.'

'That's what the boss sent me for, instead of the 'prentices as was gettin' their teeth cut.—I cut mine at nine months' old with a handsaw. Boss says if you don't pay the bill, he'll sue you.'

'Sue *me*? I'm a lawyer.'

'It makes no odds. Lawyer or no lawyer, boss declares he'll do it—so fork over.'

'Declares he'll sue me?'

'As true as there is another lawyer in Filadelphy.'

'That would be bad!'

'Wouldn't it?'

'Silence you vagabond! I suppose I must pay this,' muttered the attorney to himself.—'It's not my plan to pay these bills. What is a lawyer's profession good for, if he can't get clear of paying his own bills? He'll sue me! 'Tis just five dollars. It comes hard, and he don't wan't the money. What is five dollars to him? His boy could have earned it in the time he has been sending him to me for it. 'So your master will sue me for it if I don't pay?'

'He says he will do it, and charge you a new pair of shoes for me.'

'Harkee; I can't pay you to-day, and so if your boss will sue me, just ask him to employ me as his attorney."

'You?'

'Yes I'll issue the writ, have it served, and then you see I shall put the cost into my own pocket, instead of seeing it go into another lawyer's. So you see if I have to pay the bill, I'll make cost—capital idea!'

The boy scratched his head awhile, as if striving to comprehend this capital idea, and shook it doubtingly. 'I don't know about this; it looks tricky. I'll ask boss though, if as how you won't pay it no how without being sued.'

'I had rather be sued, if he will employ me, boy.'

'But who is to pay them costs—the boss?'

The lawyer looked all at once very serious, and gave one of those long whistles peculiar to him.

'Well, I'm a sensible man, truly. My anxiety to get the costs of suit blinded me to the fact that they were to come out of my own pocket before they could be safely put in. Ah, well, my boy, I suppose I must pay. Here's a five dollar gold piece; is the bill receipted?—it's so dirty and greasy I can't see.'

'It was nice and clean when boss gin it to me, and the writin shined like Kapp's blackin'—its torn dunin' so much.

'Well, here's your money,' said the man of law, taking a solitary five dollar gold piece from his watch fob; 'now tell your master, Mr. Last, if he has any other accounts he wants sued, I'll attend to them with the greatest pleasure.'

'Thank'ee sir,' answered the boy, pocketing the five: 'but you are the only dunin' customer boss has, and now you've paid up, he hain't none but cash folks. Good day to you.'

'Now there goes five dollars that will do that fellow no good. I am in want of it, but he is not. It is five thrown away. It wouldn't have left my pocket but that I was sure his patience was worn out and cost would come of it. I like to get costs, but I can't think a lawyer has anything to do with paying them.'

As Peter Chancery did not believe in his own mind, that paying his debt to Mr. Last, was to be any benefit to him, and was of an opinion that it was money thrown away, let us follow the fate of these five dollars through the day.

'He has paid,' said the boy, placing the money in the master's hand.

'Well, I'm glad of it,' answered Mr. Last, surveying the money through his glasses—'and its a half eagle too. Now run and pay Mr. Furnace,' as the boy delivered his money. 'I was just wondering where I could get five dollars to pay a bill that is due to day. Here, John,' he called to one of his apprentices, 'put on your hat and take this money to Cap. O'Brine, and tell him I came within one of disappointing him, when some money came in I didn't expect.'

Capt. O'Brine was on board his schooner at the next wharf, and with him was a seaman with a hat in his hand looking very gloomy as he spoke with him.

'I'm sorry, my man, I can't pay you—but I have just raised and scraped the last dollar I can get above water, to pay my insurance money to-day, and have not a copper left in my pocket to jingle, but keys and old nails.'

'But I am very much in need, sir; my wife is failing, and my family are in want of a good many things just now, and I got several articles at the store, expecting to get money of you to take them up as I went along home. We hain't in the house no flour, nor tea, nor—'

'Well, my lad, I'm sorry. You must come to-morrow. I can't help you unless I sell my coat off my back, or pawn my schooner's kedge. Nobody pays me.'

The sailor who had come to get advance of wages, turned away sorrowfully, when the apprentice boy came up and said in his hearing:

'Here, sir, is five dollars Mr. Furnace owes you. He says when told you he couldn't pay your bill to-day, he didn't expect some money that came in after you left the shop.'

'Ah, that's my fine boy! Here, Jack, take this five dollars, and come on Saturday and get the balance of your wages.'

The seaman with a joyful bound took the piece, and touching his hat, sprung with a light heart on shore and hastened to the store where he had already selected the comforts and necessaries his family stood so much in need of.

As he entered a poor woman was trying to prevail upon the store-keeper to settle a demand for making his shirts.

'You had better take it out of the store, Mrs. Conway,' he said to her, 'really I have not half the amount of your bill to-day, and I don't expect to. I have to charge everything and no money comes in.'

'I can't do without it,' answered the woman earnestly, 'my daughter is very ill and in want of every comfort; I am out of firewood, and indeed I want many things which I have depended upon this money to get. I worked night and day to get your shirts done.'

'I'm very sorry, Mrs. Conway,' said the store-keeper, looking into his money drawer: 'I've not five shillings here and—and your bill is five dollars and ninepence.'

The poor woman thought of her invalid child and wrung her hands.

'A sailor was here awhile ago, and selected full five dollars worth of articles here on the counter and went away to get his wages to pay for them, but I question if he comes back. If he does and pays for them, you shall have your money, madam.'

At this instant Jack made his appearance at the door.

'Well, shipmate,' said he, in a tone much more elevated than he was discovered speaking in with the captain, 'well, my hearty, hand over your freight. I've got the documents, so give us possession;' and displaying his five dollar piece he laid hold of the purchases. The store-keeper examining and seeing that the money was good, bade him take them with him; and then, sighing as he took another and last look at the piece, he handed it to the poor widow, who with a joyful smile, received it from him and hastened from the store. In a low and very humble tenement, near the water, was a family of poor children, whose appearance exhibited the utmost destitution. On a cot bed lay a poor woman, ill and emaciated. The door opened and a man in coarse, patched garments, entered with a wood saw and a horse, and laid them down by the door and approached the bed.

"Are you any better, dear?" he asked in a rough voice, but in the kindest tones.

"No—have you found work? If you could get me a little nourishing food, I could regain my strength."

The man gazed upon her pale face a moment and again taking up his horse went out. He had not gone far before a woman met him, and said she wished him to follow and saw some wood for her. His heart bounded with hope and gratitude, and he went after her to her dwelling, an abode little better than his own for poverty; yet wearing an air of comfort. He sawed the wood, split and piled it, and received six shillings with which he hastened to a store for necessaries for his sick wife, and then he hurried home to gladden her heart with the delicacies he had provided. Till now he had no work for four days, and his family had been starving, and from this day his wife got better, and was at length restored to his family and to health, from a state of weakness which another day's continuation would probably have proved fatal.

These six shillings, which did so much good, were paid him by the poor woman from the five dollars she had received from the storekeeper, and the sailor had paid him. The poor woman's daughter was also revived and ultimately restored to health, and was lately married to a young man who had been kept three years absent, and returned true to his troth. But for the five dollars which had been so instrumental in her recovery, he might have returned to be told that she whose memory had been so long the polar star of his heart had perished.

So much good did the five dollar piece do, which Peter Chancery, Esq., so reluctantly paid to Mr. Last's apprentice boy, though little credit is due to this gentleman for the result that followed. It is thus Providence often makes bad men the instrument of good to others. Let this little story lead those who think a "small bill" can stand because it is a small bill, remember how much good a five dollar piece has done in one single day, and that in paying one bill they may be paying a series of twenty bills and dispensing good to hundreds around them.

NOBLE SEMTIMENTS!

STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS FOR PEACE!

The following extract from the great speech recently delivered in the U. S. Senate, by Judge Douglas is worthy of being preserved in letters of gold. It is a passage full of the eloquence of patriotism, and breathes the spirit of a man true to the best and dearest interests of his country. Let every Democrat read it and pass it around among his neighbors.

"The laws of nations and all the laws of civilization demanded that the government *de jacto* be acknowledged. But the laws must be enforced. In our system of government the laws are to be enforced by civil authority assisted by the militia and *posse commitatus*, when the Marshal is resisted. If the colonies, or a State, revolt, the revolution is complete. When the federal authorities are expelled and no one man left to acknowledge allegiance to the United States, how are you going to enforce the laws then? How are you going to do in South Carolina? She has passed an ordinance of secession. I deny her right to secede, but she has done it. The revolution is complete. She has no human being in her borders to acknowledge our authority. This is all wrong, but how are you going to help it? You tell us we must enforce the laws. I am in favor of that.—Laws must be enforced according to the constitution and the laws. Under our constitution, laws can only be enforced against criminals, and those of us who are in favor of the Constitution and the Union, must be careful that we do not perpetrate the very things which we denounce as criminal in these seceding States.—And South Carolina does not stand alone. We are told that seven other States will follow them. The answer is, we must enforce the laws.—My reply is, you cannot enforce the laws in countries not in your possession. I deny that we have the right to make war in order to regain possession, in order to enforce the law.—Are we prepared for war? I do not mean prepared in the sense of having soldiers, and arms and munitions; but are we prepared in our hearts for war with our brethren? While I affirm that the constitution was intended to form a perpetual Union—while I affirm the right to use all lawful means to enforce the laws—yet I will not meditate war, nor tolerate the idea, until after every effort at adjustment has been tried and failed, and all hope of the Union is gone. Then, and not till then, will I deliberate and determine what course my duty will require of me. I am for peace to save the Union. War is disunion, certain, inevitable, final and irrepressible. Our own very existence forbids war.

* * * * * *

"A war between eighteen States on the one side, and fifteen seceding States on the other, is to me a revolting thing. For what purpose is the war to be waged? Certainly not for the purpose of preserving the Union. I have too much respect for gentlemen on the other side of the chamber, collectively and individually, to believe there is one among them who does not know what war is. You cannot expect to exterminate ten millions of people, whose passions are excited with the belief that you mean to invade their homes and light the flames of insurrection in their midst. You must expect to exterminate them, or subjugate them, or else, when you have got tired of war to make a treaty with them. No matter whether the war lasts one year, or seven years, or thirty years, it must have an end at some time. Sooner or later both parties will become tired and exhausted, and when rendered incapable of fighting any longer, they will make a treaty of peace, and that treaty will be one of separation. The history of this world does not furnish an example of a war of sections, or between States of the same nation, where the war ended in reconciliation. Such a war always ends in a treaty of peace, and a final, eternal separation.—I don't understand, then, how a man can claim to be a friend of the Union, and yet be in favor of a war upon ten millions of people in the Union. You cannot cover it up much longer under the pretext of love for the Union. Now, the question must be met, and whatever concessions I am called upon to make, I choose to make voluntarily, before blood is shed, and not afterward. No man has more pride of country than I. It humbles my pride to see the authority of the government questioned, but we are not the first nation whose pride has been humbled. Republics, empires and kingdoms, alike in all ages, have been subject to the same humiliating fact. But where there is a deep seated discontent pervading ten millions of people, penetrating every man, woman and child, and involving everything dear to them, it is time for inquiring whether there is not some cause for the feeling. If there be just cause for it in God's name let us remove it. Are we not criminal in the sight of Heaven and posterity, if we do not remove the just cause? If there is no cause, and yet they believe there is, so much the greater the necessity for removing the misconception."

SOUND TALK.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia North American, a Republican journal, (Morton McMichael's,) in speaking of the fanatics headed by Horace Greeley, of the Tribune, says:

"A dogged determination to do what is called "standing firm," by rejecting all overtures and making no propositions, is below the dignity of statesmanship, and shows them to be wholly destitute of it, who have no other remedy but this sulky and defiant position. There are some of us who can't be driven, and who do not mean to follow any such lead. We have been accustomed to think for ourselves, and if the alternative between saving the country and shivering the party be presented, the latter will be our choice at all hazards, if it fails to rise up to the necessities of this great exigency."

That's the voice of a man. So is the following, from the last Adams Sentinel:

What hinders a settlement?—The Providence Press, of Monday week, says a letter received there from a Providence gentleman now in Washington, contains the following significant passage:

"The President to-day said to me: "I wish the New England men could have persuaded Mr. Seward to adopt the Missouri Compromise line, as proposed by Mr. Crittenden. That would save us."

Judge Douglas authorized me to say that in the Senate Committee of Thirteen, Mr. Hunter Mr. Davis and Mr. Toombs all agree to accept that as a compromise, if the Republicans would."

If a civil war follows a refusal to adjust the existing difficulties on such a basis, awful will be the responsibility of those who reject all compromise.

MR. BUCHANAN'S CABINET.—Secretary Thomas resigned the Treasury Department last Friday. General John A. Dix, of New York, was nominated in the stead of Mr. Thomas, and immediately confirmed by the Senate. Mr. Holt has been confirmed as the head of the War Department. The Cabinet is now a unit on the sectional troubles. As re-constructed it stands as follows:

Secretary of State—Mr. Black of Penn'a.

Secretary of the Treasury—Mr. Dix, of New York.

Secretary of the Navy—Mr. Toucey, of Connecticut.

Secretary of War—Mr. Holt, of Kentucky, (acting.)

Secretary of the Interior—Vacant.

Postmaster General—H. King, of Maine.

Attorney General—Mr. Stanton, of District of Columbia.

MORE OF THE BITTER FRUIT.—All of our large factories are at a stand-still, owing to the political troubles and the consequent destruction of business. In the one article of hardware alone, including its various branches, the business of New Britain has amounted, in ordinary times, to nearly $2,000,000. Now we are doing nothing in this department of our manufactures.

Russell & Erwin's large shop, employing between 400 and 500 men, has been idle these three weeks, with no hope of starting at present. They have a large Southern trade—nearly $1,000,000. O. B. North's saddlery-hardware establishment, employing about 100 workmen, is doing nothing—and there is no hope of their doing anything for the present. Messrs. Corbin and Landers are doing nothing. Judd's hardware establishment is doing no more work, and no prospect of any, apparently. Sargent's is the only concern in the hardware line now in operation.—*Hartford Times.*

MR. SEWARD'S SPEECH.—The following criticism upon Mr. Seward's spech, which appears among the despatches in the New York Tribune, is brief, but pointed, and true:

"Mr. Seward's speech is much discussed, and the general judgment seems to be that the Premier has made a very diplomatic oration—that he has succeeded in talking prettily and soothingly, without saying anything in particular, that he has assumed the character of the Minister before laying aside the toga of the Senator. The conciliatory tone of the speech suits everybody, while the absence of any distinct plan for settling the national difficulty dissappoints everybody."

THE GAME OF LIFE.—In youth, hearts are trumps; in manhood, diamonds and clubs, but at the close of life *spades* are sure to win.

A CONSERVATIVE MAN.—We observe that some of our eastern contemporaies, noticing the election of Cowan as U. S. Senator, speak of him as "belonging to the conservative class of Republicans!" All we have to say is, that if Cowan is a conservative Republican, it is to be hoped that Pennsylvania may never have the misfortune to be represented in our National councils by a radical Republican. We question whether a more rampant Abolitionist resides north of Mason and Dixon's line than this same man, Cowan, and if he is really elected under the impression that he belonged to the "conservative class of Republicans," somebody has had the wool pulled over their eyes most beautifully. A conservative, forsooth! Why, the speech delivered by him, at Altoona, during the late campaign, was so intensely Abolition in sentiment as to disgust even the ultra Republicans of this county who heard it, and heaven knows their stomachs are not easily nauseated by anything in the shape of *wool*.—That's even so!—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

LIKE YOURSELF.—In a Scotch parish there was an ancient of the name of Sanders, whose wit was reputed to be very sharp. The laird, who was also a wag, met him one day, driving a pig to market. "Weel, Sanders," quoth he, "ye're driving your kizzin (cousin) to the market."

"Na, na, laird; he's jist an auld acquaintance like yourself."

DISADVANTAGE OF BEING WHITE.—"Well, Dinah," said a would-be belle to a black girl, "they say beauty soon fades; do you see any of my bloom fading? Now, tell me plainly, without any compliments."

"Oh, no, Missa; but den me kinder t'ink—"

"Think what, Dinah? you're bashful."

"Oh, no, me no bashful; but den me kinder t'inks as how Missa don't retain her color quite as well as colored lady."

☞A wretched editor, who hasn't any wife to take care of him, went the other night to a ladies' fair. He says he saw there "an article" which he "fain would call his own, but it was not for sale." He declares that since that night he has been "wrapturously wretched." As the article was bound in hoops, the reader is left to infer that it was either a girl or a keg of whiskey. They are both calculated to make a wretch "wrapturous."

On a wet, miserable, foggy London day, Charles Lamb was accosted by a beggar woman with:

"Pray, sir, bestow a little charity upon a poor destitute widow woman, who is perishing for lack of food. Believe me, sir, I have seen better days."

"So have I," said Lamb, handing the poor creature a shilling; "so have I, it's a miserable day. Good bye."

☞An Irishman having accidentally broken a pane of glass, was making the best of his way out of sight, but the proprietor stole a march upon him, and having seized him by the collar, exclaimed:

"You broke my window, fellow, did you not?"

"To be sure I did," said Pat, "and did'nt you see me running home to get the money to pay for it?"

☞A lusty young fellow in a tattered garb, and a long beard that bespoke the extreme of distress, solicited an elderly gentleman for alms, in a piteous tone of voice; the benevolent gentleman gave him a shilling. "If this relief," said the beggar, "had not come so opportunely, I should have been driven to do what I never had intended." "What was that? said the gentleman impatiently. "To work," said the impostor.

☞In Alabama a farmer very recently had his butter seized by the clerk of the market for short weight, and gave as a reason that the cow from which the butter was made, was subject to the cramp, and that caused the butter to shrink in weight.

☞An exchange thus pathetically describes the fainting of a young lady:

"Down fell the lovely maiden,
Just like a slaughtered lamb;
Her hair hung round her pallid cheeks,
Like sea weeds round a clam."

"In my time, Miss," said a stern aunt, "the men looked at the women's faces, instead of their ankles!" "Ah! but my dear aunt," retorted the young lady, "you see the world has improved, and is more civilized than it used to be. It looks more to the understanding."

☞An inventive Yankee has produced an apparatus which he says is a cure for snoring. He fastens upon the mouth a gutta percha tube leading to the tympanum of the ear. Whenever the snorer snores, he himself receives the first impression, finds how disagreeable it is, and of course, reforms.

☞A lawyer once jocosely asked a boarding-house keeper the following question:

"Mr. ——, if a man gives you $500 to keep for him and he dies, what do you do? Do you pray for him?"

"No, sir," he replied, "I pray for another like him."

☞A young lady remarked the other day that she would like to do something so as to have her name appear in the paper. We advise her to get some one to put his name in with hers.

☞A Scotchman visiting a churchyard with a friend, pointed to a shady, quiet nook, said: "That is the spot where I intend to be laid if I am spared."

☞A man lately put his dog to bed and kicked himself down stairs. He did not discover his mistake until the next morning, when he chased a cow and couldn't bark.

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

—BEDFORD, Pa.—

FRIDAY.....FEB. 1, 1861.

B. F. Meyers, Editor and Proprietor

Bedford Classical Institute.

The Second Session of the Second School year of this Institution, will open on Monday, Feb'y. 4th, 1861. No Pupils will be received for less than two quarters, or one Session.

JOHN LYON,
Bedford, Jan. 18, 1860. Principal.

DEMOCRATIC UNION MEETING!



The Democratic citizens of Bedford county, and all others opposed to the uncompromising, coercive and war-producing policy of the "Republican" party in regard to the present National difficulties, are requested to assemble in MASS MEETING, at the COURT HOUSE, in Bedford, on

MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 11th,

at 7½ oclock.

LET ALL COME who sustain the doctrine of President BUCHANAN that this Union "can never be cemented by the blood of its citizens shed in civil war!"

LET ALL COME who stand by Senator DOUGLAS, when he nobly rings out the cry, "I deny the right to make war in order to regain possession of a State, in order to enforce the laws. I am for peace to save the Union. *WAR IS DISUNION*, certain and inevitable, final, and irrepressible!"

LET ALL COME, who believe with Senator CRITTENDEN, that "unless something is done by concession, we will be a separated and divided people;" and especially,

LET ALL COME who are in favor of the adoption of the Crittenden Amendments, or any similar peaceful mode of settling the alarming difficulties in which our country is at present involved.

G. H. SPANG,
Chairman Dem. Co. Com.

Jan. 25th, 1861.

☞The Editor has gone to Harrisburg, which accounts for the lack of editorial in this number.

☞UNDER WHICH KING?—The Abolition organ up street has been in the habit of praising both Wade and Cameron in the most unqualified terms. Mr. Wade is the bitter enemy of all compromises. On the other hand, Gen. Cameron is in favor of the Crittenden compromise, Senator Bigler's proposition, or any other similar mode of settling the present difficulties. Does it approve the course of Wade, or of Cameron? "Under which king, Benzonian?"

STAND STILL, AND SEE THE SALVATION OF THE LORD.—Lovejoy.

The above, says the Philadelphia *Argus*, was the exclamation of a rampant Abolitionist, in the House of Representatives, a few days since, which was received with bursts of laughter, even by his own adherents.

The Republican party, by its aggressions upon Southern rights and Southern institutions; by its legislative action in every State, where it had the power, nullifying the laws of Congress; by its John Brown raids, the legitimate results of the teachings of its leaders; and finally, by its election of a sectional President upon a sectional issue, has brought upon the country financial, commercial and manufacturing ruin and distress, has broken the bands that hold us together as one people, and has caused the separation of seven sovereign States from the Union. And now, these men, after having rejected the teachings of our fathers, the plain provisions of the Constitution, adopted by our fathers, the Bible of our fathers, and the God of our fathers; and having set upon their stead Abolition teachers, a Chicago Abolition Constitution, an Abolition Bible, and an Abolition God, standing amidst the crumbling ruins of a broken nation and a divided Confederacy, and refusing to retrace a single false step, or to put forth a hand to stay the misery and distress brought upon the people, or to arrest the ruinous course of things, fold their arms, and with the madness and fanaticism that has characterized the whole course of their party, ask the representatives in Congress to "stand still and see the salvation of the [Abolition] Lord."

The Republican party now stands before the country as unqualified, from its President elect down to its meanest member, to grapple with the great issues upon which the salvation of the nation depends. They are utterly incompetent for good, and powerful for evil only, and that continually.

The hope for the settlement of our difficulties does not rest in this minority party, which has already given us such revolting and terrible evidence of "the triumphs of Republicanism thus far," but in the conservatism of the Union masses of the nation.

Let the proposition of Gov. Bigler before the Senate, or the Crittenden resolutions, be adopted, and give the people, the source of all rightful power, an opportunity to vote thereon, and the whole matter will speedily be settled, and peace, prosperity, and happiness be restored to the country.

When this consumation, so devoutly to be wished, is had, then we can "stand still and see the salvation of the Lord," who, in his wrath, will grind this Abolition party to powder.—Then will be realized the idea of the poet—

"The widows of Ashur are loud in their wail,
And the Idols are broke in the temple of Baal,
And the might of the Gentile, unsmote by the sword,
Hath melted like snow in the glance of the Lord."

☞THE TRIBUNE ON CAMERON.—The New York *Tribune* is positively savage and comes down hard on Senator Cameron, because he announced, in behalf of the Republicans, that they would vote for the Crittenden compromise as amended by Senator Bigler. The *Tribune* says, of all propositions "to humiliate the North," "it is the most detestable, the most cowardly, and the most irregular." This Abolition print will soon have its hands full of work in reading out from its party.

For the GAZETTE.

CUMBERLAND VALLEY LYCEUM.

Agreeably to previous adjournment, the members of the "Cumberland Valley Lyceum," convened at the place appointed on Friday evening, January 18th. The opening exercises were the singing of a familiar hymn, and prayer by Mr. John A. Gump.

The minutes of the last meeting were then read and approved. The question for discussion, "*Resolved*, That three thousand dollars is worth more to a young man of twenty one years than a good English Education," was then read by the Secretary, and an animated discussion ensued between Messrs. A. Growden, C. M. McLaughlin, J. Simons and J. McLellan, on the affirmative, and Messrs. T. Fisher, H. and A. Smith, on the negative. The question was decided by the honorable President, Mr. Jno. A. Gump, in the affirmative. The speeches were highly entertaining and instructive.—A resolution was then offered requesting the publishers of the County papers to publish the proceedings of the meeting, ordering the Corresponding Secretary to prepare a copy of the same, and was adopted. Questions were then proposed to be discussed at the next meeting. On motion the question was adopted for discussion, "*Resolved*, That Conscience is a moral guide." After attending to some miscellaneous business, the meeting adjourned to meet on Saturday Evening, January 25th. All praise is due Mr. Jno. A. Gump, and others in their indefatigable efforts to establish the society on a firm footing. The society feels an honest zeal to see the spread of improvement in its community, until its purifying and elevating influences shall be made manifest. The Lyceum is a complete success. It cannot fail to have a beneficial influence upon the community in which its meetings are held. Long may it wave!

A. SMITH, Cor. Sec.

UNYIELDING!—In the Senate, on Thursday, Mr. Crittenden attempted to get his compromise resolutions into position, but was foiled by the votes of the Black Republicans. Not one of the Lincoln party favored the resolutions, or was courteous enough to give them a further hearing. They voted against them to a man—Chandler, Dixon, Seward, Ten Eyck, an all!

RHODE ISLAND.—The lower House of the Rhode Island Legislature has passed, by ayes 49, to noes 18, the bill repealing the personal liberty law. It had previously passed the Senate. The Governor will sign the act, and therefore the repeal is in fact accomplished.

[From the Pittsburg Post, Jan. 22.]

AN OUTRAGEOUS PROCEEDING—FREE SPEECH CHOKED DOWN—A PUBLIC MEETING IN PITTSBURGH PREVENTED FROM EXPRESSING ITS SENTIMENTS IN FAVOR OF THE UNION—THE LIGHTS PUT OUT.

Our city was disgraced on Saturday night by a preconcerted, and we regret to say, successful movement, to prevent a portion of our citizens from freely expressing their opinions in favor of the Union. The spirit of injustice to our sister States of the South, which has caused the Government to tremble to its very foundation, and which is fatality bent upon destroying it, on Saturday night exhibited itself in our city in preventing a public meeting by little short of mob law.

Pursuant to the following call, a large number of our citizens assembled at the City Hall, on Saturday night:

☞GRAND UNION MASS MEETING!—THE CITIZENS OF PITTSBURCH and vicintty, without distinction of party, who appreciate the inestimable value of the UNION, comprehend the dangers which threaten its existence, and who believe that the restoration of the Missouri Compromise proposed by the Honorable J. J. Crittenden, as a constitutional amendment, would effectually settle the great cause of contention now existing between them are requested to meet at the CITY HALL on SATURDAY EVENING NEXT, AT 7 oclock.

For two or three days this call appeared in the public papers of our city, both Democratic and Republican, signed by several hundred of citizens of all parties and all classes.

Immediately upon its appearance the Republican papers began to warn the people against any compromises or concessions, and the Journal especially on Saturday morning, had several articles of the most ultra Abolition and anti-Union character, pronouncing the Crittenden Compromise to be identical with the Breckinridge platform, and warning its abolition cohorts to stand firm in their position.

On Friday it was evident to those who are accustomed to watch popular movements, that the leaders of Black Republicanism were organizing a plan to defeat the object of the conservative citizens who had called the meeting. On Saturday morning, in the *Dispatch*, appeared the following advertisement, in itself almost a direct invitation to resort to mob law:

☞RALLY, UNION AND WORKINGMEN, TO THE MASS MEETING THIS EVENING IN CITY HALL, express your opinion in favor of the Constitution and the Union as it is, and frown down all attempts at dictation by Southern Politicians

UNION AS IT IS,

It was perfectly evident that the mad advocates of the "irrepressible conflict" had determined to prevent the meeting, and to choke down free speech at all hazards. Letters were written in advance, stating that this would be done, and rumors were current that the Wide Awake organization would be present and take charge of the meeting.

At the appointed hour a large number of those who were invited under the call to be present, went to City Hall and attempted to organize the meeting, when a scene of the most disgraceful disorder and confusion ensued. It had evidently been intended to prevent an endorsement of any compromise by force of numbers; but rowdyism defeated its own ends, and yells and shouts took the place of order and reason.

The scheme of "the irrepressibles" had been well laid out, and the attempt to prevent hundreds of peaceful citizens of Pittsbuag from a fair and honest expression of their love for the Union was effectually carried out. Those who had paid for the Hall were not permitted to use it, and a Union mass meeting of the citizens of Pittsburg was effectually crushed out by the cohorts of Black Republicanism. The Wide Awake rabble with good clothes and bad clothes was triumphant.

Are the Republicans of Pittsburg willing to accept this proceedure as the true exponent of Republicanism in Pittsburg? Are they willing to take the responsibility of saying, "Free speech shall not be permitted in our city, and citizens shall not peaceably assemble to say how and in what manner the Union may be preserved." Has rampant abolitionism become so black in Pittsburg that the Mayor of our city is justified in proclaiming that the "lights shall be put out" upon a meeting of our citizens?

This was no partizan meeting. The call was signed by citizens of all parties, and the majority of them were intelligent and conservative Republicans.

SOUTHERN MOVEMENTS.—The Governor of Mississippi assigns as a reason why he established a battery at Vicksburg, to overhaul all steamers going down the Mississippi, that he had reason to believe an expedition would be sent down the river to reinforce the garrisons of the forts and arsenals, and he therefore ordered the volunteer artillery companies of Jackson and Vicksburg to take such a position as would prevent any hostile expeditions from Northern States from descending the river. The forces were withdrawn as soon as he heard that the State of Louisiana had fully garrisoned the forts and arsenals. This official explanation is coolly given by the Governor in a special message.

The North Carolina Legislature is considering propositions to send Commissioners to Washington and to the Southern Congress.

An enlisted soldier in the ranks of the South Carolina army, at Fort Moultrie, named Dodge, has been compelled to leave the State, on suspicion of being the correspondent of the New York *Tribune*.

The Georgia Convention has approved the course of the Governor in seizing the forts.

Governor Hicks has appointed a strong Union delegation, to meet the Virginia Commissioners at Washington.

The Mississippi Convention has elected delegates to the Southern Congress to meet at Montgomery, passed an ordinance to raise eight regiments of troops, and elected Jefferson Davis Major General.

It is rumored from Washington that the government has despatched reinforcements to Fort Sumter, in Charleston harbor, and Fort Pickens, at Pensacola, and this report is somewhat confirmed by the departure of the steam sloop-of-war Brooklyn, from Norfolk, on Thursday bound South, with sealed orders, having on board two companies of soldiers from Fort Monroe. The preparations of the government have been quietly made, and there is reason to believe the expedition will prove successful.

There was a report current in Washington yesterday that the Grand Jury of the District had indicted Mr. Floyd, ex-Secretary of War, for malfeasance in office.

A telegraphic correspondence has passed between Senator Toombs, of Georgia, and Mayor Wood, relative to the recent seizure of arms in New York city. Mr. Toombs inquired if it was true that the arms had been seized by the public authorities. The Mayor responded that the arms had been seized by the police, but that the city of New York should in no way be held responsible for the outrage. He furthermore states that if he had the power he would summarily punish the authors of the illegal and unjustifiable seizure.

The bids for the half million State loan were scrutinized at Albany yesterday. The offers reached nearly four million dollars. It was taken at within a fraction of two per cent, premium. While the Federal Government has been compelled to pay twelve per cent interest New York obtains over two per cent premium on a six per cent, stock.

A MAN KILLED BY A LION AT ASTLEY'S THEATRE.—*A Thrilling Scene.*—On the 7th inst., all the lions at Astley's Royal Amphitheater, in London, and owned by Mr. Crockett, escaped from their den. The London *Times* says:

Several men who were at work in the building were startled by the loud roaring of the lions, and in a few minutes they were horror-struck at beholding one of the lions struggling with a man named Jarvey, a yard-helper in the establishment. On the arrival of Mr. Crockett he rushed on the stage, where the lion was running about with the unfortunate man Jarvey in his mouth, to all appearance quite dead. Mr. Crockett instantly seized a stable fork and dealt the lion a heavy blow on the side of the head, which caused it to let the man go; but instead of running away, he turned round, and seemed inclined to spring upon his master. Another powerful blow, however, made the enraged animal turn, and run away. Medical aid was immediately brought for poor Jarvey, but on the arrival of the surgeon, life was found to be extinct. After the body of Jarvey had been removed Mr. Crockett went in search of the three lions, who were now roaming about the theatre. One was seen running at a remote corner of the stage, another was in the arena, and the other could not be seen.

The lioness was the first that was attempted to be secured, but this was a work of extreme danger and difficulty, as the assistants were all afraid of even approaching the beast. On seeing Mr. Crockett, the lioness made a dash through the pit saloon, whence she rushed up the box stair case and entered one of the private boxes, and took up a most threatening attitude.

Nothing daunted Mr. Crockett entered the box, placed a leather collar around her neck, and having secured her head, she was hauled out of the place by ropes, and finally placed in security. From the private box Mr. Crockett saw another of the annimals playing on the stage with a quantity of ribbons and stage properties, and, with comparatively little difficulty, it was placed again in the cage—and, after a few minutes search, the third was recaptured. At half past seven yesterday morning, the watchman of the theatre, who is on duty all night, left, at which hour, he says, all was perfectly quiet and safe. In consequence of the large lion being unwell, it had been parted from its companions, and, it is supposed, that in endeavoring to join it, one of the three lions in the other compartment of the cage must have broken down the partition and thus displaced the iron bars. The greatest excitement and consternation prevailed for some time in the theatre, and it required Mr. Crockett's utmost persuasion to convince the attendants that no further danger need be apprehended.

LIEUT. GEN. SCOTT.—General Scott is the largest man in the American service. He is six feet six inches tall, and weighs two hundred and sixty pounds. He is seventy-four years old, yet his health is good, and his whole system is apparently vigorous—much of which is owing doubtless, to his very temperate habits.

A MAIL CARRIER ATTACKED BY WOLVES IN IOWA.—The mail carrier between Bayer Valley and Decatur, Iowa, on his return trip, was startled at hearing the howling of wolves, and, turning discovered, at no great distance, a pack of a hundred or more wolves, apparently frenzied with hunger, and with lolling tongues, rapidly lessening the distance between them and the horror-stricken mail carrier.—Viewing his danger, with desparation the mail carrier immediately put whip to his horse, but wolves gradually gained upon him, when suddenly a tree presented itself to his gladdened visioned, for which he rode for dear life, and finally gained the asylum of his hopes, with the savage beasts close upon him, and jumped from his horse on to the limb of a tree. The wolves came up in a moment, and, after howling with disappointment for a short time, settled down in quietude to watch their prey.—The carrier remained in this awful condition until nearly morning, when the wolves disappeared, and the mail carrier, nearly frozen to death, fell feom the tree to the ground, insensible. In that condition our informant, who came along a short time afterwards, found him and carried him to a house five miles distant, where he recovered sufficiently, previous to our informant's departure, to relate the story. The horse was chased by a portion of the wolves, and is supposed to be lost, together with the mail.

THE EFFECTS OF JANUARY LIGHTNING.—During the thunder-shower, of Wednesday, the 16th, the lightning struck the house of Mrs. Jacob Loomis in Bloomfield. Over seventy panes of glass were shattered by it, clapboards were thrown off, the plastering was torn from the walls, and a picket fence, in front of the house, was splintered. Two ladies sitting in one of the rooms, upon finding the lively visitor had passed within ten feet of them, fainted, but were not injured. In addition to this, the fluid went into the well, which has since refused to yield any of the aqueous convenience for which it was specially designed. So it appears that the malignity of January lightning equals that of the hottest months of summer.

☞A Firm in Albany have recently invented and are now manufacturing, a pocket which can be put into any garment, where valuables can be placed beyond the reach of pick-pockets. The pocket is made of two thickness of linen fabric, covering up a network of wire, so arranged as in no way to affect the appearance of a closely fitting garment. At the top of the pocket there is a clasp and a lock, weighing from two penny-weights to half an ounce, according to the size of the pocket. The lock is hid from view, and can only be opened by the key.—The pocket is light and pliable, and should it be attacked by the knife or the cutting ring in the hands of the pick-pocket, it will not only resist the attack, but is likely to entrap the thief. Neither the mouth of the pocket or the pocket itself can be attacked without the wearer knowing it, for the lock cannot be opened or the wire cut without being sensibly felt.

LOLA MONTEZ, Countess of Landsfeldt, whose real name was Maria Elizabeth Gilbert, and whose birth place was the city of Limerick, Ireland, died in New York on the 17th inst. Her career was one of the most eventful of modern times. She passed through every phase of life, from the reigning favorite of a king down to the abyss of sin and debauchery. Possessed of extraordinary talents and great courage, she did just as she pleased, setting all laws of decency and propriety at naught. After twenty years of such a life, she got religion, became a spiritualist, quit drinking, was struck with paralysis, and died.

DURING the year 1861 the number of arrests made by the police of Philadelphia, was 32,061, of which 1847 were for assault and battery, 4031 for breach of the peace, 2236 for vagrancy, 8645 for intoxication, 10,453 for disorderly conduct, 1,334 for larceny, 540 for misdemeanor. Of the prisoners, 12,255 were born in the United States, 15,956 in Ireland, 2099 in Germany, 1400 in England, 208 in Scotland, 98 in France, 29 in Italy, the balance in other countries.

SALE OF THE BURDELL HOUSE.—The dwelling house No. 21 Bond street, New York, the scene of the Burdell murder some years ago, was on Monday sold at public auction. The place where Harvey Burdell was so mysteriously butchered, where Mrs. Cunningham, Coroner Connery, the bogus baby, and all the other tragic, comic and farical actors in that strange, dissolute drama of domestic life played their several parts, was eagerly bid for, and after a spirited competition knocked down at $17,050 to Mr. Anthony S. Hope.

DISEASES OF THE LIVER.—You may always know when your liver is out of order, or order when you are what is called billious, by any of the following symptoms; pain in the side and back, dizziness, dull headache, a bad taste in mouth in the morning, sallow colored complexion, yellowish tint in the eyes, costiveness, or diarrhoea of slimy dark color, low spirit and dismal forebodings. It is acknowledged by all physicians and others who have seen their action, that JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS are a perfect cure for all billious affections. So pleasantly do they search out and drive away the seeds of disease, that all persons living in a country where Fever and Ague, and all other billious diseases are prevalent, will find they should never be without them. From two to four Pills each night on going to bed, will in a short time drive away the sickly yellow look of billious persons, and bring to their cheeks a beautiful glow of perfect health.

JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS ARE SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

SOMETHING NEW AND VALUABLE.—The Iron City Commercial College has just issued a splendid Catalogue of about one hundred pages, containing the names of the officers and Students of the College, together with an amount of information which renders it a document of great importance to those interested in the cause of public education, or seeking information relative to our best and most popular institutions of learning.

By this the College is shown to be in a highly prosperous condition, and fully entitled to the credit it has long enjoyed, of being the best institution of learning for the business manjin the country. Copies of the Catalogue, with specimens of Prof. Cowley's inimitable Penmanship, will be mailed, post paid, to any address, by inclosing five letter stamps to

JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburg, Pa.

☞The Rev. J. C. Fletcher gave us last evening, a brilliant lecture on the religion, customs and people of Brazil. Seldom have we relished anything more than the picture he laid before his audience of that exuberant garden of the tropics laden with its strange variety of fruits and flowers, teeming with perpetual harvest for the hand of man. Surely that country must be the garden of the world, and if its people had the enterprise which move this Yankee nation, imagination could not set a bound to the results they would there. As relevant to this comparison the reverend gentleman stated that the best Remedies employed there for the diseases to which they are subject, are invented and supplied to them by our own well known countryman, Dr. J. C. Ayer of Lowell, Mass., and that not the people only but the priesthood and the court of the Emperor down, have constant recourse in sickness to the remedies of this widely celebrated American Chemist.

EXPENDITURE OF AMERICAN TRAVELLERS IN EUROPE.—It is estimated that there are 30,000, Americans in Europe, and that they spend among them a sum of $150,000,000 per annum. This accounts to some extent for the large shipments of gold made to Europe over and above the amount credited to mercantile transactions. *Bangor Daily Union.*

THE amount of coal annually taken from mines in Ohio is estimated by the commissioner of statistics to exceed 2,000,000 tons.

Mrs. Martha Washburn, of Stafford, Ct., 82 years old, has wove nearly 1,000 yards of rag carpeting within the past two years.

—MARRIED—

KOCHENDERFER—McILNAY.—At the residence of the Hon. J. B. Noble, on Wednesday evening, January 23d, by the Rev. W. M. Deatrick, Mr. Christian B. Kochenderfer and Miss Ann Eliza McIlnay, all of Morrison's Cove, Bedford co.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES—

Of Bedford County for 1860.

WILLIAM SHAFER, ESQ., Treasurer of Bedford County in account with said County, from the 2nd day of January, 1860, to the 7th day of January, 1861.

TREASURER. DR.

To cash received of collectors:—

John B. Zook, Liberty	1857	$14 11
Solomon Steel, Hopewell	1858	10 00
John Morgoet, Cumb. Valley,	"	40 00
George F. Steel, Liberty	"	1 32
Michael Bone, Londonderry	"	34 87
Wm. Carnell, Monroe	"	81 11
Anthony Smith, Napier	"	20 00
William Kirk, St. Clair,	"	78 92
Jared Hanks, Southampton	"	31 00
John B. Fluke, S. Woodberry	"	4 95
Isaac Mengel, Bedford Bor.	1859	250 00
Michael Fetter " Tp.	"	662 67
Joseph Evans, Broad Top	"	140 00
Michael Diehl, Colerain	"	204 73
Jacob B. Anderson, Cumb. Val	"	198 57
David Miller, Harrison	"	158 12
William Young, Hopewell	"	133 03½
John Gillespie, Juniata	"	149 00
George Rhoads, Liberty	"	40 00
Levi Carpenter, Londonderry	"	181 25
Philip Snyder, Monroe	"	107 76
Abram Blackburn, Napier	"	427 25
David Fore, Providence E.	"	117 00
Jacob Barndollar, Prov. W.	"	125 00
Jacob W. Miller, Schellsb'g bor	"	58 52
John W. Hoover, St. Clair	"	424 00
Adam Shafer, Snake Spring	"	93 60
John Bennett, Southampton	1859	245 64
John Fickes, Union	"	153 72
Geo. B. Holsinger, Woodb'y M.	"	556 79
Jacob S. Brumbaugh " S.	"	562 00
A. J. Sansom, Bedford Bor.	1860	282 02
M. Holderbaum " Tp	"	367 00
Samuel S. Fluke, Broad Top	"	72 85
Simon Stukey, Colerain	"	125 00
Samuel Boor, Cumb. Valley	"	236 00
Hugh Wertz, Harrison	"	80 03
Wm. Cypher, Hopewell	"	60 09
Leonard Bittner, Juniata	"	65 00
Isaac Kensinger, Liberty	"	90 00
John Wilhelm, Londonderry	"	140 00
Philip Felten, Monroe	"	162 00
Joseph Black, Napier	"	81 00
Wm. Lysinger, Prov. E.	"	75 00
Daniel Ritchey " W.	"	165 00
John Otto, Schellsburg	"	20 00
Jacob Berkheimer, St. Clair	"	280 00
Joseph Disbrow, Snake Spring	"	128 00
Philip Klingerman, South'ton	"	135 00
Abram Croyle, Union	"	71 05
Rudolph Hoover, Woodbury M.	"	261 00
Jacob S. Brumbaugh " S.	"	120 00
Amount received of Samuel Davis		$33 71
Wm. S. Fluke, jury funds		140 02
D. Shuck		1 40
M. M. Peebles, on estrays		3 93
Att'y. Mower on judgment against Fred Stiffler,		212 40
Amount on unseated lands		353 21
		$9131 62½

CR.

William Schafer, Treasurer of Bedford County, Cr. by amount of moneys paid to sundry persons on Drafts drawn by Commissioners as follows:

By amounts paid constables for returns, &c.,	$263 28
Election board and return judges	789 00
Road and bridge viewers	262 20
Assessments on insurance of county buildings	50 70
" " Damages on roads	48 00
Amount paid assessors	226 79
A. J. Baylor, late court crier	25 50
Levi Agnew, cleaning and attending Court House	25 70
Charles Merwine, for putting in cellar and chopping wood,	65 00
Joshua Mower repairs to Court House	4 25
Mary Morris, scrubbing commissioner's office, &c.	15 00
John Lesig for spout stones	7 11
Henry Sellers, white washing Court room, &c.	14 00
A. B. Cramer, bill lumber for repairs to Court House	10 40
B. F. Harry, stationary	8 22
John Border, hobbles for prisoners	6 00
H. C. Reamer, oil and paints	9 28
For repairs to public buildings	18 77
D. B. Troutman holding inquest on dead body of man unknown	11 97
M. M. Peebles, holding inquest on body found dead	3 71
BY AMOUNT paid County Commissioner's as follows:	
C. Evans,	67 00
J. Beckley,	78 00
Wm. Pearson	62 00
J. Feightner,	13 00
	220 00
By amount paid Commissioner's for sale of Poor House property.	
O. E. Shannon	21 00
Joseph B. Noble	6 00
John Nycum	6 00
	33 00
John Mower, Esq., salary as attorney to Commissioners for '59 '60	100 00
Werner Herkens, making cushins for settees in jury box	3 50
William S. Fluke, costs in Commonwealth case, and boarding prisoners	892 03
Reamer & Way, stationary	4 02
J. Charles Dicken, Esq., borrowed money and interest	636 60
Interest on money borrowed of sundry persons	438 00
Samuel Davis appropriation to Bedford County Agricultural Society,	100 00
For building and repairing bridges	320 75
F. C. Hutter, binding old Dockets for Prothonotary's office	42 25
William S. Haven, new Dockets for Prothonotary's office	27 40
S. H. Tate, Prothonotary's fees	183 71
State Treasurer on deficiency of assessment	752 37
Samuel Radebaugh, costs	3 72
Moneys refunded to collectors	82 39
" " " Simpson	44 18
O. H. Gaither auditing Prothonotary's account	18 00
G. H. Spang, costs in Commonwealth Cases	42 00
J. Stravet, costs in Commonwealth vs Thos. O. Mock	31 75
Supporting prisoner in Western Penitentiary	96 22
H. Nicodemus, services as clerk to Commissioners	180 00
H. Nicodemus, costs in Commonwealth cases	34 22
B. F. Meyers, printing	273 50
David Over "	232 25
Premiums on fox scalps	315 89¼
Petit jurors	906 23½
Grand "	387 95
Constables attending juries	95 00
Levi Agnew, court crier	45 00
Exonerations and escapes	248 50
Incurrent money of G. R. Holsiger	5 00
Treasurer's salary	185 00
Levi Agnew attending auditors	2 00
Miscellaneous	55 00
County auditors and clerk	70 00
Balance due county	161 78
	9131 62

STATEMENT of moneys due to the County of Bedford, on the 7th day of January, A. D., 1861.

Abram Snowden, Cumb. Val.	1854	$39 79
Jac. A. Nicodemus, M. Wood'by	"	78 23
John Dasber, Hopewell	1850	60 56½
John A. Osborne, Broad Top	1857	79 90
James Smith, St. Clair	"	548 04
Lemuel Evans Broadtop	1858	227 08
John Morgret, Cumb. Valley	"	109 24
Solomon Steel, Hopewell	"	225 20
Jared Hanks, Southampton	"	37 23
Jacob A. Nicodemus, Woodb'y M	"	122 11
Isaac Mengel, Bedford Bor.	1859	91 83
Joseph Evans, Broadtop	"	167 47
J. B. Anderson, Cumb. Valley	"	83 01
David Miller, Harrison	"	44 48
Wm. Young, Hopewell	"	90 00
John Gillespie, Juniata	"	29 03
George Rhoads, Liberty	"	115 44
Levi Carpenter, Londonderry	"	74 72
Philip Snyder, Monroe	"	157 48
Ab. Blackburn, Napier	"	15 75
David Fore, East Providence	"	66 86
Jac. Barndollar, W. Prov.	"	109 27
J. W. Miller, Schellsburg bor	"	16 15
John W. Hoover, St. Clair	"	17 56
John Fickes, Union	"	163 35
J. S. Brumbaugh, Wood'by S.	"	157 61
A. J. Sansom, Bedford Bor.	1860	462 40
M. Holderbaum " Tp.	"	553 62
Samuel S. Fluke, Broad Top	"	319 20
Simon Stuckey, Colerain	"	418 85
Samuel Boor Cumb. Valley	"	316 46
Hugh Wertz Harrison	"	219 70
William Cypher Hopewell	"	272 48
Leonard Bittner Juniata	"	331 28
Isaac Kensinger Liberty	"	91 28
John Wilhelm Londonderry	"	216 91
Philip Felton Monroe	"	318 45
Joseph Blackburn Napier	"	506 53
Wm. Lysinger Providence E.	"	249 60
Daniel Ritchey (of I.) Providence W.		169 55
John Otto Schellsburg Bor.	"	86 73
Jacob Berkheimer St. Clair	"	376 00
Joseph Disbrow Snake Springs	"	236 87
Philip Clingerman Southampton	"	324 16
Abram Croyle Union	"	349 12
Rudolph Hoover Woodbury M.		731 57
Jacob S. Brumbaugh, Woodbury S.		555 19
		10034 34½

BEDFORD COUNTY SS.

The undersigned Auditors, of said county, do hereby certify, that in pursuance, of the Acts of Assembly, in such cases made, and provided, they met at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, and did audit, and adjust, the accounts between William Shafer, Treasurer of said county, for the year 1860, as contained in the foregoing statements, and that we have examined the foregoing account, of money due to and owed by said county, and that we have found the same, to be correct, as witness our hand, and seals, this the 7th day of January, 1861.

JAMES C. DEVORE,
DANIEL FLETCHER,
GEORGE BAUGHMAN,
Auditors.

ATTEST:
J. W. LINGENFELTER.

REPORT of the Auditors of Bedford County, to the Auditor General, January 7th, 1861. William Schafer, Treasurer of Bedford County, in account with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Treasurer. DR.

Tax on Real and Personal Estate:

Aggregate amount of said tax outstanding at last settlement	$7662 59
Aggregate amount of said tax assessed for the year 1860	8127 50
Amount received on unseated lands	314 79
Amount due Treasurer Schafer	134
	$16005 01¼

CONTRA.	CR.
By amount paid State Treasurer as per receipt	5437 80
Collectors commissions for 1860, and previous years	340 95
Collector's exonerations as per certificate of commissioners	107 37
Paid B. F. Meyers publishing notice to retailers and dealers	3 00
B. F. Meyers, publishing list of retailers	15 00
D. Over, publishing list of retailers	15 00
Levi Agnew, mileage as mercantile appraiser	12 00
Levi Agnew, services as mercantile appraiser	20 62½
Treasurer's commission on 5977.78	59 77
Amount uncollected for the year 1860, and previous years	9993 58
	16005 01½
Retailer's License.	
Aggregate amount of said licenses for 1860, as per list furnished by mercantile appraiser	449 00
CR.	
Cash paid State Treasurer	210 00
Treasurer's commission	22 45
Cash paid State Treasurer	216 55
	449 00
Tavern License.	
Aggregate amount of said License for the year 1860, as per return of Clerk of Court of Quarter Sessions	650 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasurer as per receipts	550 00
Treasurer's commission	32 50
Exonerations of John A. Snively's license	25 00
Cash paid State Treasurer as per receipt	42 50
	650 00
Eating Houses.	
To aggregate amount of said license	110 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasurer	60 00
Treasurer's commission	5 50
Cash paid State Treasurer as per receipt	44 50
	110 00
Distilleries.	
Aggregate amount of said License for 1860	50 00
CR.	
Cash paid State Treasurer as per receipt	47 50
Treasurer's commission	2 50
	50 00
Venders of Spiritous Liquors.	
By the quart	75 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasurer	71 25
Treasurer's commission	3 75
	75 00
Billiard Rooms,	
To aggregate amt., of said License for the year 1860.	17 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasury as per receipt	16 15
Treasurer's commission,	85
	17 00
Ten Pin Alley..	
To aggregate amt., of said license	38 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasury as per receipt.	36 10
Treasurer's commission.	1 90
	38 00
Confectionaries.	
Aggregate amount of said license	35 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasurer	28 75
Treasurer's commission	1 25
Exoneration on P. Devore	5 00
Hawkers and Peddlers.	
To aggregate amount of License	8 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasurer	8 00
Banking Houses.	
Aggregate amount	10 00
CR.	
By cash paid State Treasurer	9 50
Treasurer's commission	50
	10 00

BEDFORD COUNTY, SS

The undersigned, Auditors of said county, do hereby certify, that in pursuance of the Act of Assembly in such cases made and provided, they met at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, and did audit, and adjust the accounts between William Shafer, Treasurer of said county and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, contained in the foregoing statements.

Witness our hands and seals, this 7th day of January, 1861.

JAMES C. DEVORE,
DANIEL FLETCHER,
GEORGE BAUGHMAN,

Attest,
J. W. LINGENFELTER.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

The undersigned having been granted letters of administration on the Estate of Dr. M. L. Allison, late of Schellsburg Borough, dec'd., all persons indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

N. B. I have appointed John S. Schell, Esq., of Schellsburg, to act for me in my abscence, and all persons indebted to, or having claims against the Estate, can settle with him.

W. M. ALLISON.

Feb. 1, 1861.

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.—

Notice is hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, at its present session for the passage of an act entitled, "An act to Incorporate the Powelton coal & Iron Company," empowering said company to hold lands &c. in Bedford and Huntingdon, counties, and that the names of the corporators in said company will be Francis Jordan, Samuel J. Reeves, Thomas Biddle, Robert H. Powell, Charles D. Brodhead, and William H. Harned.

Feb. 1, 1861.

SHETALND WOOL, all colors, at Dr. Harry's

KEROSENE OIL, the best article, at Dr. Harry's

THE SCIENCE OF EDUCATION AND ART OF TEACHING, by John Ogden A. M. at Dr. Harry's

LIST OF GRAND JURORS—

Drawn for February Term, (2d Monday,) 11th day, 1861.

A. B. Bunn, Foreman, Abraham Bulger, Henry S. Buzzard, Joseph Beegle, James Blackburn, Josiah Bruner, Solomon Conn, A. Entriken, Esq., Adam Ferguson, Lewis Fyan, Thos. R. Gettys, Peter F. Hillegas, Joseph Heckman, John Hoenstine, John E. Miller, Henry Naugle, John Otto, Thomas A. Piper, Jacob Rice, Samuel Stivers, Philip Snider, John Stiffler, Abraham Smith, John A. Wertz.

LIST OF PETIT JURORS.

John Burns, George Barthelow, Samuel Bottomfield, Simon Brumbaugh, Daniel Border, William Cornel, Reuben Colvin, Samuel Cypher, Samuel Davis, Daniel Fetter, Michael Fluck, Samuel S. Fluck Jacob Hilligas, John Hohman, Asa Housare, Jared Hanks, Joseph Imler, William Jones, Joseph Long, Perry Morgart, Henry Moyer, David T. Miller, John May, David Patterson, John Riley, William Robison, Henry Rose, Solomon Shrader, Daniel Stone, Samuel Shafer, Peter Steckman, Simon States, Daniel Snider, Job Shoemaker, Tobias Snider, Benjamin Valentine, John H. Walter, A. J. Woodcock.

LIST OF CAUSES

Put down for trial at February Term, (11 day,) 1861.

J. C. McLanahan et al use	vs.	A. J. Snively Esq.
Jonathan Carothers	"	Alex. George
Wm. Anderson's adm'r	"	H. Easton et al
G. D. Trouts' use	"	Gideon Hitchew
J. L. Hill, et al	"	Geo. Troutman et al
Dan'l. Mean	"	D. Fletcher et al
Henry Reighart et al	"	Wm. H. Irwin et al
Isett, Wigton & Co	"	Hugh McNeal
Abner Thompson	"	David Stuckey
Henry Hett's use	"	Thos. Kensir et al
Henry Ickes et al	"	A. J. Crissman
Wm. E. Clark	"	David Brallier
Henry Conrad	"	Patrick Burns et al
Henry Reighart et al	"	Wm. H. Irvin
Central Bank of Pa.	"	F. D. Beegle et al
Thrasher, Rogers & Co.	"	James Drhew et al
O. E. Shannon's use	"	Philip Keagy
Abraham Skelley	"	Joseph Garber

Prothy's Office, Bedford, Jan. 18

S. H. TATE, Prothonotary.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

All persons interested are hereby notified that the following named accountants have filed their accounts in the Register's office of Bedford County, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, in and for said county, on Tuesday, the 12th day of February next, at the Court House, in Bedford for confirmation.

1. The account of Henry Bennett, adm'r., of the Estate of Robert Bennett, late of Southampton tp. dec'd.
2. The final account of Joseph B Noble, Esq., guardian of Alfred S. Over, minor son of Jacob Over, late of South Woodberry township deceased.
3. The account of John P. Reed, Esq., administrator of the Estate of John Crisman, late of the State of Iowa, dec'd.
4. The final account of Jacob Long, Ex'r., of the last will, &c., of David Long, late of Middle Woodberry tp., dec'd.
5. The account of Jacob Long, guardian of John T. Keagy and Susannah Keagy now Susannah Jacobs, of Middle Woodberry township.
6. The account of Jacob Long, adm'r., of the Estate of Elizabeth Long late of Middle Woodberry tp., dec'd.
7. The account of Solomon Williams, adm'r., of the estate of Levi Clark late of West Providence tp., dec'd.
8. The final account of Jacob A. Nicodemus, Ex'r., of the last will, &c., of Jacob Nicodemus, late of Middle Woodberry, tp., dec'd.
9. The account of John Fickes, guardian of Elizabeth Barley, formerly Elizabeth Fickes, one of the daughters of Valentine Fickes, dec'd.
10. The account of Peter Bechtel, adm'r. of the Estate of Theodore Snowberger, late of South Woodberry tp., dec'd.
11. The account of William Hammer, one of the executors of the last will, &c., of John Hammer late of Union tp., dec'd.
12. The account of John Nycum, adm'r., of the Estate of William Nycum, late of Monroe township dec'd.
13. The account of Mary Weaverling, Executrix, of the last will, &c., of Henry Weaverling, late of West Providence tp., dec'd.
14. The account of Maria Hunt and Samuel Radebaugh, adm'rs of the estate of Joseph Hunt, late of Cumberland Valley tp. dec'd.

Register's Office, Bedford, Jan. 18,'61

S. H. TATE, Register.

PROTHONOTARY'S NOTICE,—

Notice is hereby given that the account of J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq., committee of George Owe, a lunatic, has been filed in the Prothonotary's Office, and that the same will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas in and for said county, for confirmation on Tuesday, the 12th day of February next.

Prothy's Office, January 18, 1861.

S. H. TATE, Proth'y

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

The undersigned, appointed auditor by the Orphans' Court of Bedford county to distribute the assets in the hands of Elias Dill, adm'r. of the estate of Joseph Weyant, dec'd., will attend to the duties of said appointment on Friday, 1st Feb. 1861, at his office, in Bedford borough, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day.

O. H. GAITHER, Auditor.

Jan. 18, 1861.

GREAT BARGAINS!
GREAT BARGAINS!
GREAT BARGAINS!

Wishing to reduce our stock as low as possible by Spring, we will offer every description of

WINTER GOODS!
WINTER GOODS!
WINTER GOODS!

AT COST, FOR CASH.
AT COST, FOR CASH.
AT COST, FOR CASH.

Ready made Clothing at Half-Price.

☞CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.☜

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Jan. 11, 1861.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Of the Chambersburg and Bedford Turnpike road Company for the year ending Jan. 7th, 1861.

DR.		CR.	
To balance at last set'mt,	$3,385.84	By amount of expenses,	$4,080.73½
Receipts,	4,951.40	Dividends paid since last settlement,	1,276.12½
		S. Barnhart's judgment and costs	942.68
		Managers' pay	250.00
		Sec'y. and Treasurer,	100,00
		Bal. in Treasury,	1,687.70
	$8,337.24		$8,337,24

Unpaid dividend, $2,133,97

W. H. McDOWELL, Treasurer.

Jan. 25, 1861.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, on Friday, 15th March, next, his property at the "Turn," one mile below Bedford, containing about one hundred acres. This property is well and favorably located—is good land, with 60 acres under good fence, and has a water-power on it that is not surpassed by any in the county. It is at a point where a grist mill would command the custom of a large part of Snake Spring Valley, Friend's Cove, the "Dutch Corner," and Bedford and vicinity. It lies on both sides of the turnpike, where the Railroad, when made, must run within a few rods of the mill seat. The undersigned feels bound to sell, and a bargain can be had. Terms: One third in hand, and the balance in three payments, without interest. For particulars address Cessna & Shannon, Bedford, Pa., or

WM. CHENOWETH, Bedford, Pa

Jan. 25, 1861.

Iron City College

$35.00

Pays the entire cost for Tuition in the most popular and successful Commercial School in the country. Upward of *TWELVE HUNDRED* young men from *TWENTY-EIGHT* different States, have been educated for business here within the past three years, some of whom have been employed as Book Keepers at salaries of

$2000.00 PER ANNUM,

immediately upon graduating, who knew nothing of accounts when they entered the College.

☞Ministers' sons half price. Students enter at any time, and review when they please, without extra charge.

For Catalogue of 86 pages, Specimens of Prof. Cowley's Business and Ornamental Penmanship, and a large engraving of the College, inclose twenty-five cents in Postage Stamps to the Principals,

JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburg, Pa.

Jan. 18, 1860.

BEDFORD COUNTY SS:

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the county of Bedford, on the 19th day of November A. D., 1860, before the Judges of the same Court,

On motion of John Mower, Esq., the Court grant a rule upon the heir's and legal representatives of Melchior Fisher, late of Harrison Township deceased, to wit, Louis Fisher, Catherine, intermarried with Jackson Waggoner, and Margaret, intermarried with William M. Hill, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Bedford, in and for said county, on the second Monday, 11th day of February next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said Melchior Fisher, at the valuation, which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of an order of Partition or Valuation, issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the said Court, at Bedford the 26th day of November A. D., 1860.

S. H. TATE, Clerk.

Jan. 11th, tc.

NOTICE.—

The following named persons, have filed their petitions for Tavern License, in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, for Bedford County, and will be presented to said county, on Monday, the 11th day of February next.

Peter Kinsey	Juniata tp.
P. G. Morgart,	Bloody Run Borough
William Dibert,	" " "
David Stoner,	South Woodberry Tp.
John McElheny	" " "
George Baily,	Londonderry "
George Wemmer	Monroe "
Frederick Berkhimer,	St. Clair "
David Sleek,	do do "
J. B. Castner,	Broad Top "

Clerk's office, Bedford, Jan. 11th, '61.

S. H. TATE, Clerk.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testementary upon the estate of James Hinton, of Napier tp., dec'd., having been granted the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for payment.

SHADRACH HINTON, of Napier tp.,
J. C. ELY, of Schellsburg, Ex'ors.

NOTICE.—

In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, Nov. Term, 1860.

Application of the Methodist Episcopal Congregation of the Borough of Bedford, for charter of incorporation.

In pursuance of the order of said Court of Common Pleas, Notice is hereby given, that the Methodist Episcopal Congregation of the Borough of Bedford, have made application to said Court, filed with the Prothonotary, setting forth that they are desiring to acquire and enjoy the powers and immunities of a corporation or body politic, and accompanied by a constitution or instrument in writing, specifying the objects, articles, conditions and name style and title under which they mean to associate, and that, if no sufficient cause be shown to the contrary, the said Court will, at next term, decree and declare that said congregation shall become and be a corporation or body politic, under the name style and title of "The Methodist Episcopal Church of the Borough of Bedford."

By order of the Court.

S. H. TATE, Proth'y.

Jan. 4th, '61.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. **FRANCIS M. KIMMELL**, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Bedford, Somerset and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace; and A. J. SNIVELY & JOHN TAYLOR, Esqs., Judges of the same Court, in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, on the 2d Monday of Feb. (being the 11th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day there and then to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 18th day of January in the year of our Lord 1861.

JOHN J. CESSNA, *Sheriff.*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

The undersigned appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, commissioner to hear and report the evidence in the case of Michael Miller's admr's. use of John Alsip, against John W. Smith, hereby gives notice that he will meet the parties interested, on the 22d day of January, 1861, at his office in Bedford, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

J. W LINGENFELTER, Comm'r.

Jan. 11th, 1861.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters of Administration on the estate of Aaron Good, late of Napier Township, dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber, notice, is therefore, given to all persons indebted to, said estate, to make payment to him, at the residence of the dec'd., in said Township, on the 17th of January, inst., and those having claims will present them for settlement, at the same time. If the subscriber is not called on at the time above specified, James Allison, Esq., residing in said Township, is authorized to make settlement and receive money due the Estate.

WM. ZIMMERMAN. Administrator.

Jan. 4th, '61.

NOTICE.—

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of of Jonathan Horton, are hereby notified that the books, notes &c., are in the hands of J. W. Lingenfelter for collection and that suit will be brought against all who disregard this notice.

OLIVER HORTON, Administrator.

jan. 18, 1861.



JUDSON'S
Mountain Herb Pills.

Above, we present you with a perfect likeness of Tezuco, a chief of a tribe of the strange Aztec Nation, that once ruled Mexico. You will find a full account of him and his people in our Pamphlets and Almanacs—to be had gratis, from the Agents for these Pills.

The Inventor and Manufacturer of "Judson's Mountain Herb Pills," has spent the greater part of his life in traveling, having visited nearly every country in the world. He spent over six years among the Indians of the Rocky Mountains and of Mexico, and it was thus that the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS" were discovered. A very interesting account of his adventures there, you will find in our Almanac and Pamphlet.

It is an established fact, that all diseases arise from

IMPURE BLOOD!

The blood is the life! and when any foreign or unhealthy matter gets mixed with it, it is at once distributed to every organ of the body. Every nerve feels the poison, and all the vital organs quickly complain. The stomach will not digest the food perfectly. The liver ceases to secrete a sufficiency of bile. The action of the heart is weakened, and so the circulation is feeble. The lungs become clogged with the poisonous matter; hence, a cough—and all from a slight impurity at the fountain-head of life—the Blood! As if you had thrown some earth, for instance, in a pure spring, from which ran a tiny rivulet, in a few minutes the whole course of the stream becomes disturbed and discolored. As quickly does impure blood fly to every part, and leave its sting behind. All the passages become obstructed, and unless the obstruction is removed, the lamp of life soon dies out. These pills not only purify the blood, but regenerate all the secretions of the body; they are, therefore, unrivalled as a

CURE FOR BILIOUS DISEASES,

Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, &c. This *Anti-Bilious* Medicine expels from the blood the hidden seeds of disease, and renders all the fluids and secretions pure and fluent, clearing and resuscitating the vital organs.

Pleasant indeed, is it to us, that we are able to place within your reach, a medicine like the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS," that will pass directly to the afflicted parts, through the blood and fluids of the body, and cause the sufferer to brighten with the flush of beauty and health.

Judson's Pills are the Best Remedy in existence for the following Complaints:

Bowel Complaints,	*Debility,*	*Inward Weakness,*
Coughs,	*Fever and Ague,*	*Liver Complaints,*
Colds,	*Female Complaints,*	*Lowness of Spirits,*
Chest Diseases,	*Headaches,*	*Piles,*
Costiveness,	*Indigestion,*	*Stone and Gravel,*
Dyspepsia,	*Influenza,*	*Secondary Symptoms.*
Diarrhœa,	*Inflammation,*	
Dropsy,		

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE!

Females who value health, should never be without these Pills. They purify the blood, remove obstructions of all kinds, cleanse the skin of all pimples and blotches, and bring the rich color of health to the pale cheek.

☞ The Plants and Herbs of which these Pills are made, were discovered in a very surprising way among the Tezucans, a tribe of Aborigines in Mexico. Get the Almanac of our Agent, and you will read with delight, the very interesting account it contains of the "GREAT MEDICINE" of the Aztecs.

Observe.—*The Mountain Herb Pills are put up in a Beautiful Wrapper. Each box contains 40 pills, and Retail at 25 cents per box. All genuine, have the signature of B. L. JUDSON & CO., on each box.*

B. L. JUDSON & Co.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
No. 50 Leonard Street,
NEW YORK.

☞ FOR SALE BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS. ☜

To be had at H. C. REAMER'S Drug and Book Store, Bedford, Pa.

Jan. 11, 1860.-1y.

LOOKING GLASSES,
ENGRAVINGS,
PICTURE FRAMES,
OIL PAINTINGS,

The most extensive and elegant assortment at the very lowest rates.—Glasses in store of every description. Mahogany framed Glasses, for country sales. Print and Portrait frames, Window Cornices, Gilt Mouldings, etc. Estimates for furnishing Glasses to fill every space, by mail on application. Engravings for Grecian and Antique Paintings.—Catalogues gratis.

JAS. S. EARLE & SON,
816 Chestnut St., Phil'a.

May 18,'60.-1 yr.

FALL TRADE NOTICE.

BUNN, RAIGUEL & CO.,
No. 137 North Third Street,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
FANCY DRY GOODS,

Invite the attention of Purchasers to their extensive Stock of Fancy Dry Goods, Silks, Embroideries, Cloths, Cassimeres &c.

May 18,'60.-

B. FRANK. JACKSON,

PRINTER AND STATIONER,
439 *CHESTNUT STREET,*
PHILADELPHIA.

May 18,'66.-1 yr.

Michael Wheeling vs. Juliana Wheeling. } In Common Pleas of Bedford county, No. 14, Nov. Term, 1859.

Subpoena on Libel for Divorce. The undersigned appointed Commissioner to take testimony and report facts, &c., in this case, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, on Feb'y. 5th, 1861, at which time all wishing can attend.

R. D. BARCLAY, Commissioner.

Jan. 25, 1861.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned appointed Auditor to make distribution of the money arising from the sale of the real estate of Jno. G. Clark, will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Wednesday, Feb'y., 6, 1861, at his Office in the Borough of Bedford, at which time all desiring can attend.

R. D. BARCLAY, Auditor.

Jan. 25, 1860.

WHY NOT? WHY NOT?

Save your money, By buying your goods of

OSTER & CARN,

Cheep side.

You'll find it the cheapest place in town. They have just received another choice selection of new and choice Winter goods.

Their stock is large, and suited to the wants of the community. Call and see.

Dec. 14th, 1860.

NOTICE.—

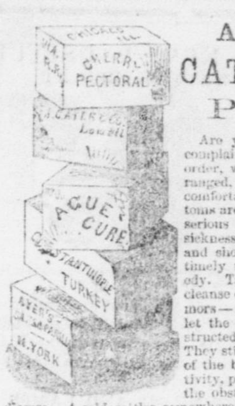
All persons are hereby notified that I have purchased the following personal property, viz: 2 cows--one white, and one red, 2 beds and bedding, 1 ten plate stove, 152 bushels of corn, 65 bushels oats, 22 bushels buckwheat, ½ of 15 acres of rye, 4 acres do, 3 acres do, ½ of 5 acres do, 1 rick of hay--4 tons—2 stacks, 2 tons each, one 2 horse plow, 1 shovel plow, 1 harrow, 2 sleds, 1 sett gears, 1 pair double and single trees, and have left the same with William May, and Mary his wife, of Southampton township, Bedford county, during my pleasure.

The hay, grain, and ssme of the other property is for sale, and all persons are notified not to purchase, except from myself, any of the same.

JOSEPH W. TATE.

Jan. 18, 1861.

MRS. HALE'S RECEIPTS for the million, at Dr. Harry's.



AYER'S
CATHARTIC
PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse* the *stomach* and *expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

B. F. Harry, Bedford; Barndollar & Son, Bloody Run; G. B. Amick, St. Clairsville; J. Breneman, Woodberry; Geo. Gardill, West End; J. E. Colvin, Schellsburg; and by dealers generally.

Oct. 12, 1860.

ALLEGHENY MALE AND FEMALE SEMINARY,

RAINSBURG, Bedford Co., Pa.

REV. W. W. BRIM, A. M., Principal,
Miss A. L. BRIM, Preceptress,
Miss S. J. BRIM, Teacher on Piano Forte.

This institution, under the supervision of the above named persons, assisted by other competent Teachers, affords a full course in Mathematics, Natural sciences, Languages, and Belles Lettres, in music, Painting, &c., it gives extended instruction. The next session will commence on Jan. 22, 1861. Students admitted at any time. Habits of health, system, and promptness, views, moral, social, and domestic, are here made prominent objects of education. That the physical powers, as well as the mental, may be cultivated—Calisthenic exercises are necessary—here the Students meet each day for systematic physical exercise.

$22.50 Will pay for board, including furnished rooms, room rent, fuel and tuition in common English, per term of eleven weeks. Extras, at moderate charges, even less than heretofore, or than the circular calls for.

Students prepared for the highest class in college.

For Circulars, or particulars, address W. W. BRIM, Rainsburg, Bedford Co., Pa.

Dec. 21, 1860.

MARTHA T. MARTIN, C. H. HAMRICK, J. A. L. MORREL
GEO. R. PEDDLE, S. R. MARTIN.

F. A. BAKER,

WITH
MARTINS, PEDDLE, HAMRICK & CO.
—IMPORTERS OF—
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND NOTIONS,
No. 30, North Fourth St., Phil.

May 18.'60.-1 yr.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the subscriber, living in Middle Middle Woodberry township, on the Estate of Joseph Keagy, late of said township, dec'd., all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. S. LONGENECKER, Executor

Jan. 11, 1861.

DR. MOTT'S CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE PILLS OF IRON.

AN APERIENT AND STOMACHIC PREPARATION of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest medical authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaint Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fever Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of *General Debility,* whether the result of acute disease or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bed-ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In *Nervous Affections* of all kinds, and for reason familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of Iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and over-heating: and gently regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness, without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for *Piles,* upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In *Dyspepsia,* innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases.

In unchecked *Diarrhœa,* even when advanced to Dysentery, confirmed, emaciating and apparently malignant, the effects have been equall decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate *Incipient Consumption,* this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In *Scrofulous Tuberculosis,* this medicated iron has had far more the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well-known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative, in the cases peculiarly affecting them.

In *Rheumatism,* both chronic and inflammatory, in the latter, however, more decidedly, it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In *Intermittent Fevers* it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered, in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt happy and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address, on receipt of the price.

All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to

R. B Locke & Co., General Agents,
20 CEDAR STREET, N. Y.

July 20th, '60.

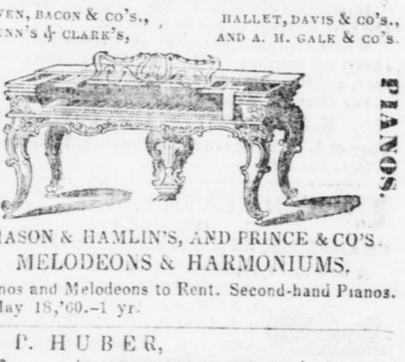
PHIL'A. ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. E. GOULD,

No. 632 Chestnut St., cor. of Seventh,
PHILADELPHIA
PIANOS AND MELODEONS.

RAVEN, BACON & CO'S., NUNN'S & CLARK'S, HALLET, DAVIS & CO'S., AND A. H. GALE & CO'S.

PIANOS.



PIANOS.

MASON & HAMLIN'S, AND PRINCE & CO'S.
MELODEONS & HARMONIUMS.

Pianos and Melodeons to Rent. Second-hand Pianos.

May 18,'60.-1 yr.

J. P. HUBER,

(SUCCESSOR TO J. SORVER,)
—WHOLESALE DEALER IN—
TOBACCO. SNUFF AND CIGARS,
No 8 North Fifth St., above Market, Phil'a.

Also, Manufacturer and Importer of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

May 18, 1860.-1 yr.

WILLIAM RAIGUEL, SAMUEL MOORE, WILLIAM G. SKILLMAN, JAMES M. WHITBY, EDWARD A. ADAMS, HENRY P. ATKINSON.

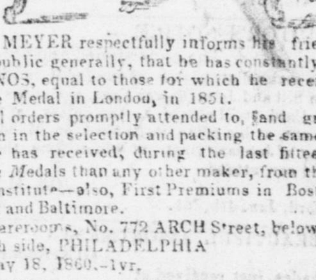
RAIGUEL, MOORE & CO.,

LATE, RAIGUEL AND CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
Nos. 220 & 222 North Third St., above Race,
West side, PHILADELPHIA.

May 18,'60.-1 yr.

THE WORLD'S GREAT EXHIBITION PRIZE MEDAL, awarded to C. MEYER

for his two PIANOS, London, October 15, 1851.



C. MEYER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has constantly on hand PIANOS, equal to those for which he received the Prize Medal in London, in 1851.

All orders promptly attended to, and great care taken in the selection and packing the same.

He has received, during the last fifteen years, more Medals than any other maker, from the Franklin Institute—also, First Premiums in Boston, New York and Baltimore.

Warerooms, No. 772 ARCH Street, below Eighth, South side, PHILADELPHIA

May 18, 1860.-1yr.

JOHN O. JAMES, WM. C. KENT, CHARLES SANTEE, ISAAC WELSH, G. A. SMITH, SAMUEL WHITE, H. G. STERLING, H. D. WELSH, J. TOMLINSON.

JAMES, KENT, SANTEE & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
DRY GOODS,
239 & 241 NORTH THIRD STREET,
ABOVE RACE, PHILADELPHIA.

May 18 '60 -1 yr.

D. BORDER,
CLOCK & WATCH MAKER,
AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citize of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line He has on hand, and will constautly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the bert style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils. &c. &c.

April 27, 1855

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendil variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Stee Spectacles, with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

GRANVILLE STOKES'
GIFT CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
ONE PRICE AND
NO ABATEMENT.

NO. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.

GRANVILLE STOKES would return thanks to the public for their appreciation of his efforts to please, and their liberal patronage.

In order to keep up this kindly feeling, he has yielded to the solicitations of many of his friends and inaugurated a new system of Gifts with each Garment sold. To his choice selection of fine Fabrics, and made-up Clothing, he invites the scrutiny of the public, as well as to his new mode of doing business. Each article is warranted to be, n Fabric, Style and Make, equal to any gotten up in the City, and one price, (lower than the lowest,) marked on the Ticket.

Each article sold, or measured for, is accompanied by a Gift, varying in value from $1 to $100.

N. B.—None but the most skillful Designers, Cutters and Workmen employed; and satisfaction in Fit, Fashion, Fabric, Price and Gift, guaranteed at

GRANVILLE STOKES'
ONE PRICE GIFT CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
NO. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.

Nov. 18,'60.–6 ms.

BLAIR COUNTY
NORMAL SCHOOL & SEMINARY,
MARTINSBURG, BLAIR CO., PA

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B. }
J. W. DICKERSON, } Principals.

This institution will commence its first session with an able and experienced corps of instructors on Monday, Nov. 5th, 1860. No expense has been spared in making it thorough and complete in every department.

The school building is constructed and furnished upon the most approved modern plans, and is one of the best in the State. It contains a hall capable of seating 500 adults, with office, music rooms, sufficient for a school of 300 pupils.

The school is located in a region of country unexcelled for its beauty and healthfulness, and is surrounded by a moral and industrious community.

The distance to Cove Station, Huntingdon and Broad Top R. R. is six miles; to Hollidaysburg Station, Pa. R. R. 12 miles, with daily stages from the latter and tri-weekly from the former; thus making it easy of access from all parts of the country. The objects of the school are :—

1st. The Professional Training of Teachers.
2nd. The thorough Education of young ladies and gentlemen in the English and Ornamental Branches
3d. The preparation of Students for College.

The teaching Class will meet daily for lectures on the Theory and Practice of Teaching, recitation from a standard work on the subject, or discussion of Methods of Teaching by the class.

Students who desire to do so may prepare to enter the higher classes in college.

Ladies will have a separate boarding house and will be under the immediate supervision of an experienced Preceptress.

Instruction given in all the branches taught in the best Academies and Seminaries.

Whole expense, (exclusive of Ornamental branches,) for boarding, tuition, furnished rooms, room rent, and fuel, $118.00 a year.

For circular, with full particulars, address

E. J. OSBORNE, or J. W. DICKERSON,
Care of J. C. EVERHART, Martinsburg, Blair co., Pa.
Oct. 12. 1860.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE
BETWEEN
CHAMBERSBURG & LATROBE, via BEDFORD.

A new and splendid line of Concord built Coaches, leaves Chambersburg daily (Sunday excepted) at 7 A. M., and arrives in Bedford at 7 P. M, same day. Leaves Bedford daily, (Sundays excepted) at 7 A. M., for Latrobe, making close connection with Mail train for Pittsburg and the West. Returning, leaves Latrobe daily (Sundays excepted) on the arrival of the train from Pittsburg, at 9 30, A. M., and arrives in Bedford same evening. Passengers wishing to go East, take the coach next morning at 7 A. M., and arrive at Chambersburg same evening at 7 P. M.

RATES OF FARE :—From Bedford to Chambersburg, $3 50. From Bedford to Latrobe, $3 50. From Bedford to Pittsburg, $4.25.

The stock on this road cannot be surpassed by any in the State, and the drivers are careful, sober and accommodating. This is the cheapest, most expeditious and pleasant route passengers can take, going East or West. For further information apply to James Reamer, Chambersburg, John Hafer, Bedford, Chas. W. Fisher, Latrobe.

A. J. REESIDE, Contractor.

N. B. Passengers for Somerset and Johnstown, connect at Stoystown with J. A. Garman's Line of Mail Coaches, also, at Jenner X Roads with E. Kierman's mail line.

Sept. 7, 1860.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—
Letters of Administration upon the estate of Jacob Klites, late of Southampton tp., deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID KLITES,
Jan. 4th, '61. Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—
The undersigned appointed Auditor to make distribution of the funds in the hands of John Sill and John Mower Esq., assignees of Patrick Dollard, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Bedford, on Monday, the 21st day of January inst., at which time those interested can attend.

JOB. MANN,
Bedford, Jan. 4th, '61. Auditor

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT Of Kerosene Lamps and Shades, just received at
Oct. 2, 1860. HARRY'S.

A LOT OF PURE MAPLE SUGAR, FOR SALE by
July20,'60. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

MACCARONI, CHEESE, CRACKERS, CRYS talized Fruit and Gum Candies for sale by
v20. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

FINE SPICES, all colors at Dr Harry's

SOMETHING NEW & USEFUL
CAN ALWAYS BE SEEN AT



HARTLEY'S.

Hartley has just received the finest assortment of Meat cutters and Stuffers ever brought to the county. He has a new article of cutter that excels all others, cheap and durable, also Butcher Knives by the hundred, Meat Saws, &c.,

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL AND LAMPS

Brilliant, cheap and beautiful. Said to burn 2 hours for one cent, no smoke, no smell, no explosion, go to Hartley's and purchase before the prettiest are sold, and purchase a nice cheap light for the long winter nights.—Hartley also has

SPALDING'S LIQUID GLUE,

which should be in every house; it mends most everything.

HARDWARE BY THE TON,

Oil and Paints, of nearly every kind,
Iron, Nails and Glass,
Farm Implements and Machinery.
Satisfaction given to all reasonable persons.
Cash buyers wanted and favored.
Those who pay promptly and known to be reliable, may be credited 6 months.
Nov. 9, 1860.

UNION HOTEL.—
BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public, that he has leased the above named Hotel, in the old and well known Globe building, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, and recently in the occupancy of Jonathan Horton, dec'd., where he will be happy to see his friends, and the traveling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call.—He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquor.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

Boarders taken by the day, week month and year.

JOSEPH ALSIP.

Bedford, Nov. 30, 1860.

ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.

ROHRER'S PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.—

A Book of Plain Rules and Calculations for Business Operation, By Martin M. Rohrer, Practical Surveyor and Conveyancer. New Edition, Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.

This work contains 204 pages, and upwards of 500 Rules and Examples, entirely and thoroughly practical, such as arise every day in the common aursuits of Business. It has already passed through p number of Editions in rapid succession, and is tronounced by all classes of business men to be the handiest book of reference, pertaining to calculations, that has ever been published.

Every example in the book is worked out in full and tated in a plain manner, so that when a parallel case arises, those referring to the work will find no difficulty in readily solving it; in a word, the general arrangement of the Calculator is so simple, that any one who knows how to add, substract, multiply, or divide, can easily solve any ordinary example that arises in business, or arrive at the result of any estimate required.

The chief aim of the author has been to eschew theory and philosophy in figures, aiming only at facts and simplicity, believing that business men care little about spending time in discussing the philosophy of rules or the science of figures, deeming it sufficient for their purpose to be able at a moment, by reference, to arrive at the true result The calculator differs in this respect from all Arithmetics of the day, and kindred works—it is a key to practical business calculations—it is, in the hands of the business man, what the key to mathemrtical works is in the hands of the teacher in the school-room—it facilitates time and insures correctness.

THE WORK TREATS OF THE

Measurement of Land, of Lumber, of Brick and Brick work, of Stone and Stone Work, of Grain and Grain Bins, of Coal and Coal Bins, of Wood, of Solids, of Liquids, of Circular, of Square, or Irregular Vessels, of Cisterns and Vats, of Roofing, of Plasterers', Painters', Glaziers', Pavers', Plumbers, Paper Hangers', and Upholsters', Work. It treats of Currency and of Foreign and Domestic Exchange of the Decimal System, of Reduction and its extended application to Business, of Simple and compound Interest, and their entire application to Business transactions, with the laws and usages governing and regulating the same, together with numerous Commercial Forms—of Legal Tender, of Partial Payments on Notes, of Banking and Bank Discount of Equation of Payments and Partnership Accounts of Assessment of Taxes, of Weights and Measures, of Square and Cubic Measure, of the Square Root and its application to Business, of Surfaces, of Excavation, and of many other important practical matters not within the scope of an advertisement to mention.

☞Mailed (post paid) to any part of the United States upon receipt of the money. Price of a single Copy, in Cloth, 60 Cents, or two Copies for $1. 00. Bound in Pocket-book form, Morocco, $1.06 per copy.

ADDRESS :
M. M. ROHRER,
Box 1911 Philadelphia P. O., Pa.
30, 1860.–6ms.

SETTLEMENT.—
All persons knowing themselves indebted to the subscriber, either by note or book accounts, will confer a favor, by settling the same, by the first of January.

All persons having claims, will present them for settlement, as I wish to have all accounts closed. I am determined to have my books closed.

GEO BLYMIRE.

☞I have a large assortment of Stoves and Tinware that I will sell low for cash, or on short credit. Also a few second handed cook-stoves that will be sold very low. G. B.
Dec. 14th, 1860.

CALL AND SEE!!
A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL!!!

Assortment of Coal Oil Lamps, of the latest styles, just received, and for sale cheap. at
H. C. REAMER'S
Nov. 16, 1860. Drug Store.

NORTHERN LIGHT!!!
THE CHEAPEST!!!!

And best light in use, can be had by buying Coal Oil, perfectly pure, inodious and free from smoke while burning, at $1.00 per gallon, at
H. C. REAMER'S
Nov. 16, 1860. Drug Store.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
S. E. Cor. 11th & Market Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA

W. KANAGA, }
M. McVEY, } PROPRIETORS.
Feb. 3, 1860.

BROAD TOP RAIL ROAD!

Arrangements have been effected between the PENNSYLVANIA R. R. CO. and HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP R. R. CO., by which Freights are transported at the following low rates; From Hopewell to Philadelphia, Flour, 62½ cents per barrel. Grain, 31 cents per 100 lbs. Merchandize Westward, From Philadelphia to Hopewell, per 100 lbs., 1st Class, 75 cents. 2d class, 60 cts. 3d class 50 cents. 4th class. 35 cents. Salt and Plaster, 30 cents.

Freights Westward are received at the Pennsylvania Railroad Station, 13th and Market Streets, Philadelphia, and forwarded daily.

Freights Eastward are received at the Hopewell station of Broadtop R. R., and forwarded daily.

S. B. KINGSTON, JR.,
Freight agent, Penn'a. R. R. Co., Phil'a.
S. S. FLUCK,
Freight Agent, H. & B. T. R. R., Hopewell Station.

Riddlesburg Coal, Fine and Lump, always on hand and for sale.

S. S. FLUCK.
Sept. 7, 1860.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY
AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Castings of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Sonderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.
March 26, 1858.

FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP.

THE subserbers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Aschom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted qual to the best Eastern make. Machinery of all inds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASCHOM.
Nov. 11, 1859

EVERY DAY
BRINGS SOMETHING NEW!

ANOTHER NEW FIRM!

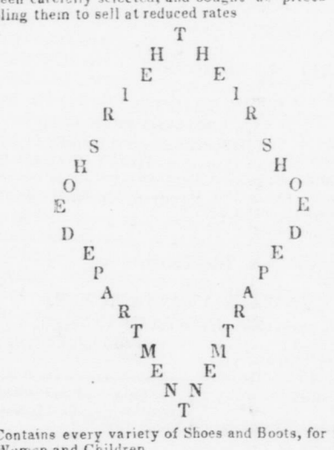
AND MORE NEW GOODS

FERGUSON & LINE,

At the former stand of Ferguson & Manspeaker are now ready to wait on old customers as well a new. They expect to sell very low for cash and produce, or to those who will "foot up" every six months. Their

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE

and all other goods usually kept in stores, have been carefully selected, and bought at prices enabling them to sell at reduced rates



Contains every variety of Shoes and Boots, for Men, Women and Children.

They invite a fair share of patronage from their friends and the public, and particularly solicit the trade of their country friends, expecting to deal fairly with them and all others, at ONE PRICE for everybody.

Sept. 7, 1860.

NEW GOODS,

JUST ARRIVED AT

MRS. S. E POTTS',

A large assortment of
FALL & WINTER GOODS,
FALL & WINTER GOODS,
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FANCY DRESS GOODS
of all kinds, handsome winter silks, French merinoes, all wool delaines,
BONNETS & RIBBONS,
BONNETS & RIBBONS
Flowers, Ruches, bonnet velvets—new style, handome cloaks,
FUR CAPES,
FUR CAPES,
Also, a large assortment of victorines and muffs.
Nov. 2,'60.

FOR SALE OR TRADE!
25 Tons of Plaster.
3 New Two horse wagons.
1 New set of Double Harness

The highest market price paid for wheat, rye corn, oats, and buckwheat.

Poor House Mill, }
Bedford, Nov. 16. } JOHN NELSON.

NO EXCUSE—
For reasons satisfactory to myself, I respectfully request all persons having accounts on my Books of 6 months standing to call and settle the same either by cash or note.—Persons having no money can have no excuse for neglecting to give their notes. And all neglecting to make settlement—will have their accounts left tthe Squire's. t

Nov. 9 '60. WM. HARTLEY.

FOR SALE,
OR TRADE,

A first-rate farm of limestone land, in Morrison's Cove, containing about 131 acres, 100 of which are cleared and balance well timbered. The farm is well watered. The improvements are a good two story Frame House, Log House, Barn, &c. There is a good orchard upon the premises. The farm adjoins Bloomfield Furnace, lies half a mile from the Hollidaysburg Turnpike, and four miles from Martinsburg. There is a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce, and the land is in a high state of cultivation. For particulars inquire of David Daniel, in possession, or George Cleugh, at Spang's

—ALSO—

A Grist-mill property in Harman's Bottom, now owned by Lewis N. Fyan. The mill is a large frame with two overshot whells and four run of stone; in good order, and in a good settlement, with a sufficient supply of water. The farm contains nearly 400 acres; about 100 aliuvial soil, and cleared; and the balance well timbered. The improvements are a large brick house, tenant house, miller's house, barn, distillery, &c. The farm can be divided without disadvantage. Terms reasonable.

—ALSO—

A tract of land in St. Clair tp., containing 93 acres, or thereabouts, about 55 acres cleared, with a two story log dwelling house, tenant-house and two log stables thereon erected; also, an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Wm. Keefe, Jacob Semler and others; formerly the property of George Kimberlin.

—ALSO—

a Farm of 166 acres, about 100 cleared, with Double Log House, New Bank Barn, and two good orchards thereon, lying on the Juniata River, two miles from Stonerstown, and half a mile from the rail road. This farm is composed of a good quality of river bottom land, 30 or 40 acres of which can be put into good meadow. The whole is now in a good state of cultivation.

—ALSO—

A farm of 118 acres of limestone land in Liberty Township near Stonerstown, known as the "John Stoler property," adjoining lands of Squire Kensinger, Stoler and others. The improvements are a Log House, Log Barn &c. There is good water on the premises, also an orchard of good fruit.

—ALSO—

A new two-story Rough-cast House and two lots of ground in Broadtop city.

—ALSO—

160 acres of the best quality of land in Harrisoe county, Iowa, near the Missouri, and close to the county seat.

—ALSO—

A Lot of ground in Omaha city, Nebraska.

—ALSO—

100 acres of land, in Southampton Township, Bedford county, lately owned by Wm. Lashley.

TERMS to suit buyers.

O. E. SHANNON,
Jan 27, 1860 Bedford, Pa

DISSOLUTION
OF PARTNERSHIP.

The late firm of J. REED & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent, and the books of the firm of Reed & Minnich have been left in the hands of their attorney J. P. Reed, and those of Jacob Reed, for settlement and collection; and all persons concerned desiring to save costs must call immediately and make settlement, as but little delay will be afforded.

JACOB REED

Will now continue the business on the CASH AND PRODUCE SYSTEM. He will do business on the SQUARE, so that he can sell goods at a CHEAPER RATE than ever; he does not wish to charge CASH and PROMPT customers with the losses occasioned by non-paying customers—therefore, Cash or Produce will govern his trade. He invites his friends and customers to call and examine his splendid NEW GOODS; they will be shown with pleasure and disposed of at very light profits. Just opening and on hand

DRY GOODS, HATS, CAPS,
CLOTHING, SHOES,
QUEENSWARE,
GROCERIES,

And all goods kept in a general store.

LADIES can here find all they want for dress o comfort.

GENTLEMEN need seek no further for their essentials.

Come and examine for yourselves, a ready welcome awaits you.

Nov. 9, 1860.

MORE NEW AND CHEAP GOODS
AT
A. B. CRAMER & CO'S.,
BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned have just received a large and general assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS.
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Our present stock is very complete, and we respectfully invite our friends and customers to call and

EXAMINE THE PRICES,
EXAMINE THE PRICES.

Cash or prompt six month buyers may expect, and will be offered,

GREATER BARGAINS,
GREATER BARGAINS,

th an ever offered before. All kinds of

COUNTRY PRODUCE WANTED,
COUNTRY PRODUCE WANTED.

Oct. 26, 1860.

OSTER & CARN
NEW WINTER GOODS,
AT THE CHEAP STORE
OF
OSTER & CARN,
BEDFORD, PA.,

Just received a handsome line of new and fashionable

DRESS GOODS,

Shawls, Prints, Ginghams,
Sacking flannells in all colors,
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,
Satinetts, Jeans, Ready-made
Vests, Business and Over-Coats,
Hosiery, Gloves, Boots, Shoes,
Hats, Caps, Glass, China and
Queensware, Groceries, Spices, &c.,
And everything NEW AND CHEAP.—

Being determined to adhere to the system of "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS," we believe it will be to the interest of all to EXAMINE our Stock, before purchasing.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

Oct. 26,'60.

EMPLOYMENT.—
The undersigned are desirous of securing the services of a few Young Men to engage in a Travelling Agency, upon a salary of

FORTY DOLLARS PER MONTH,

and all expenses paid. This is an opportunity sel dom offered, and those who merit the approbation of the Subscribers, by strict attention to business, can rely upon constant employment for a term of years. For further particulars address

CONANT & DRAKE,
31 Main St., Atkinson Depot, N. H.
Nov. 23d.3m

TO BUILDERS.—
The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths.—Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford county, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

DRUGS AND BOOKS
H. C. REAMER,
Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.
(At the Stand formerly occupied by Dr. F. C Reamer.)



WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnish tine, Window Glass, Glassware



received, a large stock of American, French a English perfumery. Also, a great variety of fi Soaps for toilet use. Tooth pastes, Hair Tonic Hair Dyes, that will color various shades, from a light brown to a jet black, Tooth, Nail, Hair, Shaving, and Clothes brushes, Combs, Pocket Knives, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Segar cases, &c.

—ALSO—

Have and will keep constantly on hand, a supply of Coal Oil, Burning fluid and Camphine, with a great variety of the most mode rn and best style of coal oil and fluid lamps.

Pure Wines and Brandies for medical use, Flavoring Extracts and Spices of all sorts, Fine Segars, Snuffs, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

Having the agency for all the principal patent medicines in use, will keep a full supply constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Dealer in Books, &c., consisting of Geographical, Scientific, Religious, Poetical, Historical, Law, Medical, School and Miscellaneous Works, in connection with a great variety of plain and fancy Stationery, Cap, Note, Post, and Wrapping Paper, Blank Books, of every size and quality, Diaries, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Notes and Receipts.

☞Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed, with regard both to price and quality.

☞Physicians' Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day or night.

Dec. 16, 1859.

BEDFORD FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs. Washabaugh and Bannon, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, PLOUGHS, APPLE MILLS, COOKING, TEN PLATE, AND COAL STOVES, SLED AND

Sleigh soles, wash kettles of different sizes wag o boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article), oven doors, and every thing usually made in a country Foundry.

☞PLOUGHS.—WOODCOCK, SEYLER, and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS.—Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the emergencies of the times, we will

Sell low for CASH, or country produce.

Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

feb 25,'60-1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

MENGEL HOUSE,
JULIANA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber, having renovated and refurnished this old established House, is now prepared to receive guests. He invites his friends and the traveling public to give him a call. Having new furniture, new beds, and everything necessary to render hearty cheer to those in want of a temporary home, he flatters himself that those who stay with him, will find themselves at the right place.

He is fully prepared to receive visitors to the Springs, and all having business with the courts or otherwise.

Ample stabling and carriage house is attached to the Hotel.

Boarders will be received on favorable terms.

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.
Bedford, April 20, 1860.

CONFECTIONARY
AND GROCERY.

THE undersigned has just received and keeps constantly on hand the following articles :—

Coffee, sugar, molasses, cheese, crackers, currants, prunes, raisins, figs, almonds, filberts, cocoa nuts, ground nuts, pecans, Eng. walnuts, cream nuts, candies in variety, oranges, lemons, tobacco and cigars, allspice and pepper, spices of all kinds, baking soda, cream of tartar, sulphur, brimstone, canister and keg powder, shot, caps and lead, grain and grass scythes, whetting tools, wash tubs and boards, indigo, extract logwood, copperas, alum and madder, oil, polish and Mason's blacking, sweeping, dusting stove, shoe and scrubbing, brushes, clothes, hair, tooth and flesh brushes, hat and infant brushes, hair oils and perfumery, purses and port monaies, pocket and memorandum books, bonnet and round gum combs, "ridding" and fine combs, bracelets and beads, pens, pen-holders, penknives, scissors, knife-sharpeners, umbrellas, suspenders, spool cotton and floss, clocks, small looking glasses, violins, violin strings, toy watches, watch chains, curry combs, cards, horse brushes, shoe-thread, pegs and sparables, Johnson's Arabian Liniment, Rock and Little's White Oil, Merchant's celebrated Gargling Oil, for man or beast, and many other articles of a similar nature. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

June 17,'59.–1y.

FOR RENT —
The subscriber offers for rent the Store Room known as the "Kerns Stand," immediately opposite the store of N. Lyons & Sons, and lately occupied by J. & J. M. Shoemaker.—ALSO—the Dwelling House at present in the occupancy of W. M. Hall, Esq. Application should be made soon.

F. C. REAMER.
Dec. 21st.

SETTLE YOUR ACCOUNTS.—
Our published terms, as our friends will please bear in mind, require annual settlement of our accounts on the first of January of each year. Our books are now ready for such settlement, and we respectfully, but earnestly, request all who are indebted to us to come forward and arrange their accounts. A word to the wise is sufficient.

J. M. SHOEMAKER & Co.
Bedford, Jan. 1, 1861.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Letters testamentary having been granted to the subscriber residing in Schellsburg, Bedford county upon the last will &c., of Philip Shrader, late of St Clair Township, dec'd., he notifies all persons indected to the estate to make immediate payment, and all those having claims, are tequested to present the same properly authenticated for settlement.

ABRAM B. BUNN,
Jan. 4th; '61. Executor

WASHINGTON HOUSE,
BEDFORD, PA.

MRS. S. FILLER would respectfully announce to her friends in Bedford County, and to the public generally, that she has leased, for a term of years, the large and convenient brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Juliana streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOUSE," and lately kept by MRS. COOK. This house is being thoroughly refitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS" and persons attending Court, will find this house a pleasant and comfortable temporary home.—Every attention will be paid to the comfort and accommodation of guests. The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges moderate.

Extensive stabling is attached to this hotel, and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance. Special attention will be paid to the accommodation of the farming community.

March 30th, 1860.

DENTIST.
C. N. HICKOK.

Will attend patefully and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filed, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞Terms INVARIBLY CASH.
Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

JACOB REED, G. W. RUPP, J. J. SCHELL.

REED, RUPP & SCHELL,
BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
BEDFORD, PENN'A.

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

REFERENCES.

HON. JOB MANN, Bedford, Pa.
" JOHN CESSNA, " "
JOHN MOWER, " "
R. FORWARD, Somerset, "
BUNN, RAIGUEL & Co., Phil "
J. WATT & Co., Pittsbur "
J. W. CURLEY, & Co., "

CESSNA & SHANNON—
HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

JOHN P. REED—
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

O. H. GAITHER—
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Pitt street, two doors east of the Gazette office. He will also attend to any surveying business that may be entrusted to him. [Nov. 4, '59.]

JOHN BORDER—
GUNSMITH, BEDFORD, PA.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh,

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN—
COUNTY SURVEYOR.

WOULD hereby notify the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.–tf.

MANN & SPANG—
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence o Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN
Aug. 1, 1859. G. H. SPANG.

J. W. LINGENFELTER—
ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND LAND SURVEYOR.

Will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

WILL PRACTICE IN BEDFORD AND FULTON COUNTIES.

☞Office three doors North of the "Inquirer" Office.

DR. B. F. HARRY—
RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius

Aug. 1, 1859.

DR. F. C. REAMER—
RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

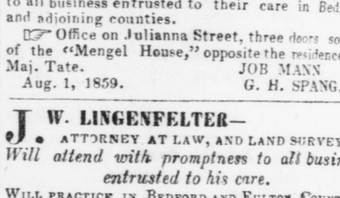
☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Aug. 1, 1859.

American Life Insurance & Trust Co.
CAPITAL Stock, $500,000.
COMPANY'S BUILDING, WALNUT STREET,
S. E. CORNER OF FOURTH, PHILADELPHIA.

LIFE insurance at the usual mutual rates, at about 20 per cent less, or at total abstinence rates, at the lowest in the world.

J. C. SIMS, Secretary. A. WHILLDIN, President
JOHN J. SCHELL, Agent, Bedford, Pa
Jan. 27, 1860.

H. L. GODBOLD,
TUNER & REPAIRER



of Pianos, Melodeons &c., has made arrangements to visit this place regularly at stated periods. The next visit will be in October. Yearly contracts made. Price for tuning $2.00. First class pianos for sale. Orders to be left at the "Gazette" office. H. L. G. has permission to refer to the following persons for whom he has tuned :

Hon. A. King, Hon. S. L. Russell, John Mower, Esq., O. E. Shannon, Esq., Dr. W. H. Watson, Dr. S. Barnes, Mrs. Freytet.

June 29,'60.

FOR SALE,
OR EXCHANGE.

Three tracts of very choice farm land, containing 160 acres in each tract, situate on the Illinois Centrla R. R. in Champaign co., State of Illinois, 5 miles from the city of Urbana, and 1 mile from Mutual Station on said road. Two of the tracts are and one of them has a never failing pond of The city of Urbana contains a population of Champaign is the greatest wheat growing county in the State.

Address, F. C. REAMER,
Bedford, Pa

TO MILL OWNERS!—

S. D. BROAD has made Schellsburg his permanent residence, and is prepared to do all kinds of work in the Mill Wright line, on the most approved and durable plans, and reasonable terms.

He has on hand the most improved Smut Screening Machines, Mill Brushes, Anchor Bolt Cloths, both new and old, at city prices. Mill Bolts can be procured from him and shipped to any point.

S. D. BROAD.
Schellsburg, Bedford Co., }
March 4, 1859. }

OSWEGO CORN STARCH, the best article, Dr. Harry's.

ESSENCE OF COFFEE, at Dr. Harry's.

Dec. 14th, 1860.]